McKean Miner.

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THE McKEAN MINER.

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County Superintendent.

I will be found at my office in the Court House on the last Saturday of each month. Removal the Boardwell Books. M. G. CAMPBELL.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 326, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

G. M. SMITH, W. M.
K. H. BARD, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 97, meets every Tuesday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. J. BURNINGHAM, M. W.
WARLEY GIFFORD, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Monday evening at Masonic Hall.

H. W. RUBIN, N. G.
W. H. WATSHALL, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—E. P. HENDRIX, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting directly after morning services. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

BAPTIST.———, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 6 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

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St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—J. C. Backus.
Asst Burgess—S. J. Gifford.
Council—A. A. Backus, Wm. Ramer, W. D. Colthup, M. A. Sprague, Warley Gifford, J. C. Hamlin.
Constable—H. L. Burlingame.
High Constable—Frank Kerns.
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Inspectors—Jabez Beckwith, J. V. McIntyre.
Assessor—H. L. Knapp.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; F. M. Fuller, Bradford.
District Attorney—P. McSweeney, Smethport.
Sheriff—A. I. Wilcox, Bradford.
Prothonotary—John B. Elsey, Bradford.
County Treasurer—J. W. Brennan, Smethport.
Commissioners—A. T. Palmer, Dallas City; F. B. Johnson, Bradford; A. Reilly, Smethport.
County Clerk—John B. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Com'rs—N. C. Gallup, O. P. Odell.
Auditors—A. F. Brewer, F. K. Washburn, A. A. Stevens.
County Surveyor—G. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

Regular Meetings of Co. Commissioners.

The County Commissioners will hold regular sessions at the Commissioners Office on the first Monday of each month for the transaction of any business that may be brought before them. *Sp* A special meeting will be held on the first Thursday after each court week for the settlement of county costs in Commonwealth cases.

J. R. STOCKMAYER, Clerk.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES, CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and proofs furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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IT IS NOT A CHEAP LIST.
IT IS AN HONEST LIST.

The catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. The list gives the populations of every town and the circulation of every paper.

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39 1-y.

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STERRETT & ROSE,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

(Office over Haskill & Gifford's.)

SMETHPORT PA.

BACKUS & GOSTON.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office:—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

C. BACKUS. SHERIDAN GOSTON.

E. L. KEENAN,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

OFFICE: Gleason's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

All legal business attended to promptly.

THOS. A. MORRISON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE—Gleason's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Collections and other legal business carefully and promptly attended to.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office: Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport, Pa.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY,)

Port Allegany, Pa.

G. A. BERRY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER,

Office: Exchange Building, Main St.

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

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Office with Maj. Brader, over Pemberton's

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MULLIN & McCLURE,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

Main St. Bradford, Pa.

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E. K. MAYO,

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49-1y **SMETHPORT PA.**

BINGHAM ESTATE.

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Is authorized to receive moneys for me; Also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in my business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

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Agent of the Trustees

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SELECT POETRY.

UP AND DOWN.

We're up to-day on fortune's hill
And free from every sorrow,
But in the wheel of good or ill
All may be changed to-morrow.
We're up and down as time flies on—
Now ease, now hardest labor—
No millionaire can safely frown
Upon his lowly neighbor.

Riches take wings—the man of wealth
May meet with sudden losses,
While he whose only store is health
May ride behind his horses:
Then do not slight the toiling poor,
For labor ne'er disgraces,
And though your fortune seems secure,
Some day you may change places.

God help us all—we're poor at best—
Dependent on each pilgrim—
Though crowned with ease or corn thickens't,
Whatever is dirt man's brethren.
Then when on fortune's toy we stand,
No ill our fate attending,
Let us extend a helping hand
To those about descending.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"A Boy on The Place."

'What does ail Debby and Towzer?'

'Did you speak, Jane?'

'Yes; I said, what ails Debby and Towzer? Debby's been goin' on for some time down there in the garden, and Towzer is barkin' in the distractest way around the hay-stack down yonder in the meadow. I can't make out either Debby or Towzer; can you, Susan?'

Susan, the youngest of three Bentley sisters—who owned to her fifty years—thus appealed to, came out of the roomy pantry, with her cap borders flying, and her floury hands dripping fine white flakes over Jane's clean kitchen, and upon the shining floor of the porch which overlooked both hillside, garden and meadow.

A merry, contagious laugh from Susan's lips, quickly echoed by Jane, caused Debbey to halt a moment in her frantic chase after some intruder, not visible to the two upon the porch.

'It does beat all!' gasped Debby, as she paused; and then came an indistinct sentence, which the others failed to catch, and the dumpy figure hastened on again, at the same time throwing stones, sticks, clam-shells and tufts of grass at the object of her pursuit.

'I do think, Susan, we ought to go down and help Debby; there's no tellin' what it might be.'

'If only Debby would consent to having a boy on the place! He'd be so handy with her in the garden.'

Susan, the little woman, with tender voice, must certainly have had great loveliness in early youth, for traces of a sunny beauty lay still upon the good, fair face—in fact, gleams of a fair and beautiful youth were seen also upon the other two faces, but more clearly upon Susan's.

'Dead yes, Suse; that is what I tell Debby every summer. But you know what she says, it would make too much extra sewing for my old fingers, and more work for you in the baking and cooking, and like's not, only hinder her in the garden after all, and then she says, too, 'Where on earth is the boy to come from?' Debby always winds up with that, you know. There's some sense in that last, Susan, and that's all the sense I see.'

'There isn't a mite in it, Jane, not a grain. Why, there's plenty of boys, and good ones, too, only Debby's so sure of being taken in by one of them. Now, I don't know much about boys in general, but I believe they're human, and like most other creatures, if you're good and tender with them, Jane, the bad will come out. I calc'late it isn't in the Bentleys to abuse anything; and so I think 'most any boy would do.'

Tender-hearted little Susan had reached the garden gate at the conclusion of this speech, and she was about to open the gate when a cry from Debby caused her to start back, and falling against Jane, knocked the worthy woman quite off her feet.

'Don't come in yet, Susan, for goodness sake! These three hens have tuckered the life almost out of me. There goes one over the fence! Stand back, Jane. Thank goodness! There goes another. Shoo! Bend down, Susan; your head's in the way, and this is the meanest hen of the three. Shoo! She sees your head bobbin' up, Susan. Mind! There now—shoo! There she goes; that is the last. Thank goodness! I'm most tuckered out.'

Debby sat right down upon one of the beds without ceremony, fanning with her bonnet the round, red face and moist brow.

Susan and Jane, both convulsed with laughter, entered the garden, closing the gate carefully.

'It does beat all, now,' said Jane with pity for Debby, who was sitting there forlorn and exhausted. 'The hens bother you uncommon, Debby; if you would only consent to let me and Susan help here a bit.'

'Help? As though you both hadn't your hands full.'

'I say, Debby, let's have a boy on the place.'

'Susan, Susan, you child! You don't know what you're talking about; I don't want a boy in my garden, and a better reason, where's the boy to come from, I'd like to know? If Providence should send one right down here under my nose—so to speak—why, I'd take him; but Providence don't trouble about such small matters, I reckon. It would seem silly.'

'Oh, Debby, don't you say that, but of course you don't mean it, that's one consolation,' said gentle, motherly-like Susan, seeing the broad smile upon Debby's face.

'Now, then,' said brisk, energetic Debby, rising, 'since the hens are out of the garden, and I can breathe again, I want to know what ails Towzer? I didn't have time to think before.'

Sure enough! What did ail Towzer? That lazy old dog was barking, howling and chasing around the hay-stack down in the meadow, in a frantic and unbecoming manner, unlike his usual dignified manner.

'It's a rat, as likely as not,' said Jane, turning homeward.

'Wait, Jane, listen!' It was Susan who spoke, hurriedly and low.

'That isn't a rat, nor is it a hen cackin' neither: it sounds more like a cry,' said Debby, as she looked sternly at the hay-stack.

'It's a cry, girls! Come, Towzer is tormenting somebody there, as sure as you live.'

Susan ran as nimbly as a young girl down the hillside and across the road, and had reached the bars and entered the meadow before the older ones had come to the road.

'Towzer,—stop! Here, Towzer!' Susan called, and Towzer yelped and barked louder than ever, while the cry of a human voice came more distinct at every step.

'What can it be?' cried Susan, breaking into a run as she neared the stack. Towzer barking excitedly, met her, leading her quite around to the other side, where the object of his annoyance was found, crouched under the stack, almost hidden from sight.

'Lord pity us all!' cried Susan—who never said that, excepting under extraordinary circumstances—and then the tears ran over from her loving brown eyes, and dropped down, one by one upon Towzer's head.

'What! a child under the hay stack! How on the earth did it come here, and when?'

Susan in her pity and bewilderment, never thought of questioning the child, therefore she only started, while Towzer, seemingly quite content with having accomplished his object—that of bringing the family down to the meadow—sat down and panted, overcome with his exertions, as Debby had been after chasing the hens.

'A child!' cried Jane, looking over Susan's shoulder, in a helpless, benotted way.

'A boy, as I live!' ejaculated Debby, aghast.

Susan mopping away the tears from her face, recovered tone and spirits in a flash. For a bright idea, such a brilliant idea, had just now come to Susan.—'There's something queer about this Debby; there's Providence in this, mind it. Come boy, come right out now, we're friends.'

Debby started and Jane laughed nervously, while Susan assisted the big-eyed, famishing looking, wretched boy to his feet.

'Your dog!' he gasped, crouching close to Susan's side.

'Bless you! Towzer wouldn't hurt a fly,' said Susan to assure the frightened child.

'He took my breakfast.' The great, hungry eyes looked up to Susan, who said beneath her breath, 'Lord pity us all!'

'Towzer, you thief!' said Jane harshly, and with a desire to conciliate the boy. 'What did your breakfast consist of, poor boy?'

The famished lad made no reply to this question of Jane's, but the brown, hungry eyes were raised appealingly to Susan, and they closed, and the long black lashes lay thick and dark upon the white, sunken cheeks.

'Lord pity us all! He's fainted dead away!' cried Susan, as she gathered the frail boy in her strong, motherly arms; and, without a word to astonished Debby and Jane, she strode like a determined general across the meadow, with Towzer quietly at her heels, up the hill, over the cool porch, through Jane's clean kitchen, dropping bits of hay at intervals, on through the darkened sitting room, to the little bed room beyond, and deposited her burden upon the white bed. Then she ran—yes, really ran—to the kitchen closet, and returned—as Debby laughingly told the story years after—with not only camphor and brandy bottles, but also the salt and pepper together with the saleratus and mustard cups, just as Debby and Jane entered in amazed silence.

'She has taken him to the sitting-room bed-room!' said Jane surprised beyond measure, at the same time conceiving a great admiration for this little Susan, who could always think and perform twice, before Jane or Debby could arrive at even the shadow of a conclusion.

'It was the nearest bed, Jane, and such a comfortable spot; when I had fever 'n ager, why I quite enjoyed lyin' here,' apologized Susan, as she was about to deluge the wan-faced boy with camphor and brandy, which Debby, with a strong hand, prevented just in time. Debby, you see, had reached a conclusion or two, and she was ready to act with the foremost, as she always was after deciding.'

'He's comin' to, Susan; never mind all that stuff you've brought in here from that closet. This boy is starved out, that's all; he doesn't want your camphor, and mustard nor salt, neither, but you just weaken a bit of the brandy, and Jane, you be quick and see if that broth I smell isn't most done, or boiled itself to death, and bring a bowlful in here; take one of the blue bowls, Jane—they've got a comfortable, healthy sort of look, owin' to their amasin' size. There now, sonny, swallow this weak brandy.'

Susan was handing down over the white face, smoothing the brown hair, and smiling a succession of sunbeamy smiles, right into the face and heart of this outcast. A wan smile answered her; and the weary eyes looked up a moment at Debby, gratefully, as he swallowed the weakened brandy, but they returned to Susan's face and rested there.

'I don't suppose, Debby, we know how to deal with children exactly, never havin' had any around,' said Susan, mournfully and apologetically; at the same time, one plump hand was tenderly smoothing the boy's hair, while the other clasped one of his thin hands, which was not very clean, either.

'Never mind, Susan, we know how to feed them, any way; and I reckon that'll reach their hearts as soon as anything. Right, Jane! you've brought one of the blue bowls, haven't you? That broth smells amasin' good! Now, then, Sonny?'

Debby took the spoon from Jane's hand—Jane still holding the bowl—and prepared to feed the famished boy.

'I'll raise him up, Debby, so that he can eat better.' And accordingly, Susan raised the boy's head to her shoulder, when he looked up with the feeble smile again, while his lips moved painfully; and Susan, handing her ear, alone caught the low spoken words.

'Lord, pity us all!' cried she to her sisters. 'He says he is only a beggar boy—not to trouble about him—as though we cared for that!'

Tears sprang to three pairs of eyes and Debby quickly carried a big spoonful of broth to the white lips. He ate slowly and seemingly in pain a moment or two, and then turning from it with a shiver and sigh, muttering:

'I was so hungry yesterday! I could have swallowed it all, sure, yesterday! This morning, I had a piece of bread. The dog took it; but I don't care; I didn't want it. I'm so tired and so, sleepy!'

Susan put him down gently, and as he closed his arms restlessly, and a wild, frightened look came into his eyes, three tender-hearted little women looked eagerly at one another for an answer to to the question such face was mutely asking: 'What shall we do?'

As usual Susan was first to recover.

'I'll have old Dr. Jones here in a wink.'

'No Susan, let me go,' said Jane quickly. 'He seems to know you better—this child does; sort of smiles now and then, as if he knew you. I'll go.'

Ten minutes later old Doll stood at the gate below, and Jane was clambering into the covered wagon, while Debby, on the porch, shouted out numberless messages.

Susan at the bedside sat quite still clasping one of the burning hands and smoothing the hair from the hot forehead. She sat there patiently through the long hours of Jane's absence, listening to the low mutterings of the sick boy, from which they could glean nothing of his past; while Debby stole in and out on tiptoe, halting at the bedside a moment or two, then away again to the kitchen, to look after matters there, and so, patient, faithful Susan sat on, not only that one hour, but many, many hours, through long days and weary nights, while the feeble life ebbed lower and lower, as the fever brought on by hunger and exhaustion seemed to burn and shrivel up the little boy to a mere skeleton.

Through the long weary nights and days, the three watchers themselves growing white and anxious, listening wonderingly to one sentence, repeated again and again—sometimes gayly, then so sadly and wearily that the tears would rush to the eyes of the patient women:

'The tide's out Father: I'm coming to shore.'

'What shore was he meaning?' Susan wondered, one day, after so many had passed away anxiously and slowly—wondered with a pain at the heart, the the motherly soul; for this lonely child who had come to them in such a Providential way—Susan held to that—was growing strangely dear to her, and not only to her but to Debby and Jane, who, perhaps, could not have told what was stirring their hearts, and bringing out caresses and tender words that the unconscious boy neither felt or heard.

'Which shore was he approaching?' again and again Susan asked herself and the doctor; and then prayed it might be this, if only they might be tender and kind to him a bit, before his feet should touch upon the other shore.

All this and more good Susan thought and prayed on; and then there really came a day—a most wonderful day, for they never left off going back to it with joy and triumph—when the brown eyes opened and smiled right up into good Susan's face, causing her to beam down upon him so cheerily he really thought at first he had gone to Heaven, and that was the face of an angel who was to lead him straight to his dear father and mother.

To tell of the slow return to health would be wearisome; therefore we shall skip it! But there came a day, after weeks of nourishing and care, when Willie—that was his his name—Willie Brent—told these good friends, including Dr. Jones, of his good mother—so long dead, and his father a fisherman, at Ellerton, on the coast, ten miles away, who had been drowned within sight of his home—a poor old tumbledown shanty; and after that, Willie having started out to seek his fortune, and to get out of sight of the cruel sea, strayed across the country here, there, and all over the country, begging his way, but without seeming to find a fortune, and sank at last under the hay-stack, where Towzer found him at once.

'And now when must he be moving on?'

This was asked one day after health and strength had come back to the sick boy, filling out his cheeks, and tinging them with a rich color. The bright eyes, shone, also, so honest and clear that Susan clasping his in the strong, motherly arms, cried out. 'Do you suppose we shall ever, ever let you go away? No, not while I live and breathe! Lord, pity us all! No, never!'

And then two young arms wound themselves around Susan's neck, and the brown head, rosy cheeks, and all, lay upon Susan's shoulder.

Willing hands and nimble feet Willie Brent brought to the quiet old homestead, and the tenderness that succored him in that hour of need was the brightest spot in Willie's life to turn to in after years, and was always remembered by him, but most tenderly after Susan—Mother Susan as he had very early learned to call her—was carried out from the old home to rest on the hill-side.—*St. Nicholas.*

A Lawyer's Charity.

The Brooklyn *Eagle* recently published an incident of practical philanthropy which is worthy of extensive circulation. The chief actor in the case is a well-known Long Island lawyer, the subject of his benevolence a vagabond boy who had been indicted for grand larceny in the Court of Oyer and Terminer in Long Island City. This boy did not even know his own name, and never knew either his father or mother or any relation or friend. He had drifted around for years among the farmers of Queen's county doing odd jobs and getting a meal and a night's rest where he could. His hair was long, tangled and filthy. His face and hands were begrimed with dirt. His feet were shoeless and sockless, and a few unseemly rags were his only covering. The crime of which he was accused was the theft of a horse and wagon, the fact apparently being that the lad saw the vehicle standing in the road, got inside and went off for a drive, imagining, perhaps, for a time that he was a wealthy farmer driving to town to collect $100,000 or $300,000 for produce. He was caught, taken to jail and indicted for grand larceny.

On Wednesday, when the poor little beggar was brought into Court Lawyer Mott was there, and, when he saw the young prisoner his heart was touched. Under the patches of dirt on the boy's face the worthy man saw lines of intelligence. The eye was bright and the movements quick. The boy said he was sixteen years old, but it was plain that he was barely twelve, and knew no more of his own age than he did of the regions of Ptolomy. Mr. Mott went up to the prosecuting attorney and said:

"Downing, give me this boy."

"Give him to you?" exclaimed Mr. Downing, "why, he's to be tried for grand larceny."

"Never mind that," replied Mr. Mott: "I'll take him and make a man of him."

"That won't do," Mr. Downing said; "he'll have to go to the house of refuge."

"Not until he has been tried and convicted," said Mr. Mott; "if he's to be tried I appear for him."

The lad was remanded for the day, and again appeared in the court on Thursday. Mr. Mott repeated his request to be allowed to take the boy.

"Don't make any mistake," said Mr. Mott; "I'll take care of him. I've got eight of my own, and another mouth won't make much difference."

The matter was referred to the Judge, and he, satisfied that Mr. Mott would do as he said, allowed the boy to go on his own recognizance.

The next morning Mr. Mott saw that the boy was thoroughly cleansed from head to foot and his hair cut. Then a complete suit of clothing transformed him into another being. Mr. Mott went to Mr. Downing's office, taking the boy with him. Mr. Mott has a son named John, and the lawyer practiced a pious fraud on Mr. Downing.

"Downing," said he, "this is my boy John."

"Glad to see you, John," said Mr. Downing, adding to Mr. Mott, "He's a mighty smart-looking boy."

"Ye-es," said Mr. Mott, "he is. Don't you remember seeing him before?"

"No, I can't say that I do," Mr. Downing replied.

"Well, said Mr. Mott, this is the very boy you indicted for grand larceny, and wanted to send to the House of Refuge."

Mr. Downing was astonished and gratified as well. That evening Mr. Mott took the boy home with him. He behaved like a gentleman. When bed time came Mr. Mott led him to a small room which he had prepared for him and left him there. Soon afterwards Mr. Mott went back to the boy's room and glanced in.

The little fellow was kneeling by the bed-side praying aloud. As Mr. Mott described the scene his eyes were filled with tears.

"I heard him praying for me and my wife and children," said Mr. Mott, "and I never felt so happy in my life."

Next morning the boy was around attending to the cow and the horses before any one else was up. Mr. Mott told him that he had a mite to do that but the boy said he liked to do it, as he had often done it for the farmers. On Sunday morning the lad was around early again and attended to the horses and cows as before. After breakfast he dressed and went to church with the family. That morning he was up earlier than before, and long before nine o'clock had finished everything and dressed himself.

"You have got through early," said Mr. Mott.

"Yes, sir," the boy answered, "I'm going to Sunday school with the boys."

It may not be often that a homeless, dirty, ragged boy exhibits such characteristics of head and heart; it is certain that few such boys have such opportunities. We would, for their sakes, that there were more practical benefactors like the Long Island lawyer.

Bologna is the link that unites man man with the brute.—*Marathon Independent.*

A Wall street broker says on New Year's Day he heard of less puts than calls.—*Puck.*

Some men never go to church for fear their shoes may squeak as they walk down the aisles.

Keyhole conjugation.—When a man is about to be told a secret, he shuts the door. When it is a woman she opens the door to be sure no one is listening outside.—*French Fun.*

A young lady who was squeezed between two freight cars says it felt just like trying on a pair of new corsets.

An exchange says the difference between a hungry man and a glutton is, "One longs to eat, and the other eats too long."

The Rochester *Chronicle* can't remember an instance where a woman ever slept during church service. Let a man set himself to criticising every bonnet in the church, and what time would he have for sleep.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Two gentlemen, of opposite politics, meeting, one inquired the address of some political celebrity, when the other indignantly answered, "I am proud to say, sir, that I am wholly ignorant of it." "Oh, you are proud of your ignorance, eh, sir!" "Yes, I am," replied the belligerent gentleman, "and what then, sir?" "Oh, nothing, sir, nothing; only your time of proud ignorance has expired, that's all."

The *Judge*: Some one estimates that if a man lives to be 79 years old, he passes at least 24 of them in sleep. This is a rather low estimate—in case the man is a policeman. About 10 years more of sleep should be added. If he is an editor, 10 years should be deducted.

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Parmelee's Pile Suppositories act promptly in allaying all inflammation of the rectum, and by being easily dissolved, are readily absorbed into the system, healing the diseased and irritated condition of these organs. They are convenient for self-application, causing no unpleasantness, and affording such satisfactory results, that to any one afflicted with that painful disease, the Piles, they are invaluable. By direct application to the seat of disease, they are the most efficacious means of cure to be met, and are particularly useful in cases attended with rigid contraction of the sphincter ani. Price 50 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 4-4t.

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THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., January 19, 1882.

E. H. BARD, Editor and Proprietor.

SENATOR LAPHAM, of New York, did not heed the demand of the women that he should make one of their sex clerk of the new Committee on Woman's Rights, but appointed a man, and a relative besides.

THE Republican State Committee met last Thursday afternoon at the St. Cloud Hotel in Philadelphia, and after a three hours session decided that the Gubernatorial Convention be held on the 10th of May, at Harrisburg.

CONVICTS in the State penetentiary at Albany are made to do more than earn their living. For the past year that institution was run at a profit of $564.35 to the State, a big thing considering the large staff of salaried officers necessary to its safe management.

THE high-toned worshipers in New York city pay large prices for the privilege of bending their knees in the fashionable churches. The other day the pews were sold in the Madison Avenue Congregational church, where Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman is going to preach and where General Grant and Jay Gould are among the attendants, and out of 395 pews, more than half were sold. The pews are sold in this church at a fixed price, on which eighteen per cent. is paid each year as rental. At the sale Mrs. U. S. Grant and her son, U. S. Grant, Jr., each took pews at a price of $1,000, while Russell Sage, the capitalist selected one at $550. The pastor of this fashionable flock will no doubt have a salary away up in the thousands.

THE Hudson River disaster of last Saturday evening is full of ghastly details, some of which bring forcibly to mind the solemn words, "In the midst of life we are in death." In one of the burned cars were Park Valentine and his wife, a young couple aged twenty-one and nineteen, who had been married at North Adams, Vt., two days before the accident, and at the time it occurred were on a visit to New York. They were both accomplished and wealthy, and were favored members of society; but the grim monster Death, which is no respector of persons, put forth his inanimate hand, and their burned and mutilated bodies were consigned to the grave a few short days after their marriage, by the same clergyman who celebrated their nuptuals. Senator Webster Wagner, one of the victims, met his death in a car of which he was the inventor and patentee. The invention made his fortune, and he has been cut off while reaping the enjoyment of his industry and perseverance. One report has it that one of the lady passengers who was killed was on her way to New York to attend a ball, concerning which she had written a friend that she would be there if she had to be brought there dead. If such report be true, her idly uttered words have been given a terrible significance.

WAR on the mormons appears likely to commence in earnest, as the Republican members of the present Congress are determined to take steps towards putting down the infamous practice of polygamy. "Too many cooks spoil the broth," however, and the success of the movement is endangered in consequence of the many members who are seeking to introduce bills upon the case suited to their own particular ideas as to the prevention of the practice. The other day Judge Payson, of Illinois, introduced a new bill which cures the defects in some of the other bills which have been introduced and which, while simple in its provisions, if enacted and executed, could scarcely fail to destroy the unholy practice of polygamy. It makes the crime of bigamy punishable with $500 fine and five years' maximum imprisonment. It provides that no certificate of marriage, or any proof of any formal rite in any church or endowment house is necessary, but that marriage shall be presumed from the fact of cohabitation from admissions of either party, from the exercose of marital authority, or from any external fact by which marriage can be proved. If the members only combine upon the issue at stake, and work in the one direction, this giant evil may be uprooted.

THE Guiteau trial is now upon its tenth week, some hundred and thirty witnesses have been examined, part of the counsel on both sides has been heard, and it may be said to be fast nearing an end. Judge Cox decided that Guiteau should not be allowed to deliver his speech to the jury, so he has handed over to the Associated Press reporters the voluminous manuscript of his speech for publication, and it has appeared in the columns of the leading daily papers. It contains no arguments upon the evidence given in the case, but asserts and reasserts that he is a patriot who removed President Garfield to cement the ranks of the Republican party, and that the act was inspired by God to prevent another civil war. He claims, however, that malpractice finished what he began, and does not forget the insanity plea. He closes his speech with the following words: "Let your verdict be that it was the Deity's act, not mine. When the President was shot his Cabinet telegraphed that it was the act of a 'madman,' and it will be far better every way that it be officially declared that it was the act of a 'madman.'" It is said in connection with the trial, that one of the jurymen, by name Bright, will "hang the jury" on the ground that the assassin is insane. Mr. Bright's father was for some years an inmate of a lunatic asylum, in which he died, and his son is spoken of as a "very peculiar man."

ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S WIDOW.

Before the nation has ceased to sorrow for the lamentable fate of President Garfield, and just as they have shown how nobly they could respond to an appeal in behalf of his bereaved family, an older grief comes back to them in the sad fact that the widow of the first martyr President of the Republic is a confirmed invalid, and is at present suffering without adequate means to obtain the necessary comforts to cheer her widowed heart and and alleviate the sufferings of her weakened frame.

The statement of the case has been given to the public by a well-known newspaper correspondent and vouched for by eminent physicians, and Congress has been called upon, as representing the voice of the people, to show in a practical manner, the estimation in which the memory of Lincoln is held by the Nation, and the love and sympathy which is extended to his widow. But they must act quickly, as the need is a present one, and the widow of one whom the Republic loved so much should not be allowed to have a want possible of gratification, without having the means to satisfy it.

The *Philadelphia Press* alludes to the case in the following earnest and touching language:

"Is it not enough for the people of this country to know that the widow of Abraham Lincoln stands in need of their good offices? Will they let her want anything that money can supply? If the gratification of a whim would make the world look brighter for a moment to her upon whose life has fallen the burden of a great grief, her husband's countrymen should account it a privilege to show their veneration of his memory. The country owes to her the gratitude and tender sympathy and love which it would gladly bestow upon him whose name she bears were he living and in want. No want of hers must be unprovided for, no desire denied. Whatever will contribute to the comfort of her mind or body must be given freely and in abundance.

"Abraham Lincoln fell for the country he had saved. The glory of his career is an undying memory. Wherever his name is spoken heads bow low in reverence and love. Once a year we lay flowers on his grave and hang garlands on his monuments. If the souls that have passed away look down upon earth, what are flowers and garlands and monuments to him, while the heart he loved best of all is beating against the rough billows of adversity? Abraham Lincoln's widow needs tender care. The American people will not mock her husband's memory with monuments of stone and bronze."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16, 1882.

Congress is a good deal puzzled and bothered with the Mormon question, which is forced upon that body by the contest for the seat of Delegate from Utah. There is no politics in the contest as both claimants are Democrats; but the Territory, like some other Democratic localities, needs reorganizing. The proposition which has been made to divide it up and attach the parts to adjoining States and Territories is a good one, and one that would break the power of Mormondom, for they would then be in a minority in each of the States and amenable to their laws. Congress has been slow to take notice of the institution of polygamy, but now that the question is brought where it must be met, and now that the Republican party is in control, there is reason to hope that Mormonism is doomed. It was one of the original pledges of the party to uproot this "twin-relic" with that of slavery. The points at issue in the election contest deserve to be clearly understood: Cannon, a confessed polygamist, undoubtedly received a majority at the election. Campbell, who contests the seat, received a small minority only. Campbell's friends claimed the seat for him on the ground that he was the only person voted for who was capable of sitting. Governor Murray's certificate was so worded as to give a color to that claim. But the House sensibly decided that both the cases of Campbell and Cannon must be referred to the Committee on Elections, which will report all the facts to the House.

It is evident from the tone of the debate so far, that the House does not mean to admit Cannon; but to refuse the seat to him will not necessarily entitle Campbell to it, and sound lawyers on both sides doubt the right or the propriety of Congress seating a man who received only a small minority of votes. They believe that this would be to set a mischievous precedent; that so long as the people of Utah are allowed to vote for Delegate in Congress only that person who receives a majority of the votes is entitled to claim a seat; but that the House, as the judge of the election and qualifications of its members, may refuse for cause to admit the claimant, and thus say to the voters of Utah that they have sent an unfit person and must try again. For a number of years they sent as their Delegate Mr. Hooper, who was not a polygamist. The fanatical part of the Mormon priesthood on several occasions urged Brigham Young to either oblige Hooper to become a polygamist or allow them to send a Delegate who had several wives. Young for years resisted these demands, saying:—"Leave brother Hooper alone. He serves us very well in Washington, and if he does not want more wives than one that is his business." But the fanatics at last succeeded, and Hooper retired to make way for Cannon. The latter has already served in three Congresses, nearly always having from one to three wives here with him, and he probably thinks it is rather late to raise that objection. Another point is that there is serious doubt whether he is a citizen of the United States.

It is hoped that by the time this letter is in print the Guiteau trial will be ended and the assassin under sentence of death. The closing arguments are now in progress, and Guiteau himself has prepared a speech which he proposes to deliver to the jury. He wants the last say and pretends to believe that his address will settle the matter in his favor. Grave doubts are expressed, however, whether he will deliver it after all, even if permitted by the Court. Heretofore he has prepared various speeches, and when the time came, and he was told to stand up and deliver what he had to say, he declared that he had nothing to offer. It is doubted whether he has the moral courage to face the jury. He is a very timid and cowardly fellow, in spite of his bluster when he is in his seat, and he never rises, but drops into his chair as he is brought in, and stays there till he goes out again. He has never voluntarily risen in court since the day Bill Jones shot at him. In an interview at the jail the other day with Mr. Reed, one of his counsel, the assassin proposed in all seriousness that after the jury had acquitted him he should take the lecture-field. He declares that in a year he would have $50,000, and would pay his counsel handsomely. Mr. Reed said: "Suppose now that the jury should find you guilty, and the judge sentence you to be executed. Have you thought of that?" Guiteau said he had not, but the Lord would be with him; the Lord would go right up on the gallows and stand beside him through it all.

This morning I saw a letter from the father of Clara Louise Kellogg, in answer to a letter of inquiry, addressed to him by Clara Louise's uncle, who lives in this city, as to the truthfulness of the rumor that is widespread and circumstantially dilated on throughout the country, to the effect that the popular cantatrice is soon to marry a Mr. Whitney. Suffice it to say that the letter was by no means a confirmation of the rumor. I think Clara Louise will continue to sing and popularize English opera for some time yet, before she steps her pretty foot off the lyric stage and retires to sing soft lullabies in the quiet realms of sweet domesticity, notwithstanding the amount of interesting advertising she is getting this winter over her alleged intention to set the wedding bells a ringing. By the way, the Hon. Wm. Pitt Kellogg, Louisiana's staunch Republican Senator, is of the New England Kellogg family, although he has been West all his life, and commanded a regiment of Illinois cavalry during the war for the Union. JUNIUS.

A TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

TWO TRAINS COLLIDE WITH FEARFUL EFFECT—CARELESSNESS SAID TO BE THE CAUSE.

On Saturday evening last at about half past seven o'clock, the tarrytown passenger train ran into the special New York Express which left Albany at 2:40 p. m., in the Rock Cut on the Spuyten Duyvil and Port Morris road, telescooping two of the express cars, which were afterwards set on fire by an overturned heater and destroyed. The special express was composed of three drawing-room cars, filled with members of the Legislature.

A passenger who was in the rear of the parlor car Empire says: "I was standing in the aisle chatting with Major Charles Ulrich, Commissioner of Emigration, when the crash came. There was a shrill shriek of a locomotive close behind us, a sudden crash like an explosion and the car became almost dark and glass and splinters and dust filled the air. Something struck me on the head and I was half stunned for a moment. When I recovered my senses I found my head in contact with a roof ventilator. I thought for an instant that the car had been overturned and was lying on its side, but I soon found that it was upright on the track and that the roof of the rear car had crushed through the roof of our car. There were shrieks and groans and above all the piercing cries of women. I found myself close against a car window and drove my elbow through it. I was on the west side of the car and looked out upon a stony and slippery embankment. Just then somebody shouted 'This way!' from the other side of the car. I started across the aisle, over broken seats and debris, to a window, through which other passengers had escaped. The groans or the cries of a man entangled among the seats attracted my attention. I tugged at his coat-tails and assisted him to his feet. He speedily scrambled out of the window to a place of safety, and I followed him. Mr. G. F. Spinney, of the New York *Times*, was, I believe, the last man out of the car.

"Within five minutes after the crash the two rear cars were in flames. The passengers stood in the snow and mud on the slippery embankment and saw the fire darting through the wreck of the two cars, powerless to assist those within, who were groaning and screaming for succor. The villagers quickly gathered at the scene of the disaster and rendered such aid as they could, but it was several minutes before water, carried for some distance in pails, could be thrown upon the flames. Men and boys rolled huge balls of damp snow and hurled it through the car windows, which other men had broken with fragments of the wreck. No faces appeared at the car windows, but cries in a dozen voices were heard from within. It was evident that they came from persons pinned fast beneath the debris and unable to escape."

The list of dead is as follows: Senator Wagner, Park Valentine, age 21, of Bennington, Vt.; Mrs. Valentine, age 19, North Adams, Vt.; Oliver B. Keeley, Philadelphia, Pa.; D. L. Ransom, guest of the Hoffman House; Rev. F. Marichal, residence not given; Miss Maude E. Brown, 443 West Fifty-third street, New York, and a man unknown. All the injured, with the exception of Miss Mary Daniels, a guest of the Sherwood House, were able to go home, and no list was kept by the police. Miss Daniels was seriously burned, but will probably recover.

The cause of the disaster is attributed to the carelessness of Charles Mellus, the brakeman of the express train, whose duty it was when the train stopped to run back and wave his red light to stop the approaching train. He was arraigned before the coroner on Tuesday, and admitted to bail in $500 pending the inquest.

KANSAS affairs are in a most remarkable snarl. The Supreme Court has just rendered a decision that the constitution of what is known as the lower branch of the Legislature, during the past two sessions has been illegal, so that no action taken at either of these sessions is valid. This summarily disposes of its stringent prohibition law which has made such a stir, and causes a great deal of confusion about many other matters.

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All the Blanks named below are kept in stock at the MINER Office, Smethport, Pa. Orders by mail or telegraph promptly filled. Any kind of Blank not named in this list will be printed on short notice at the same price of those kept in stock.

Amicable Actions,
Amicable Scire Facias,
Amicable Revival,
Affidavit and Recognizance for Appeal,
Attorney's Confession on Judg't Note,
Affidavit and Attachment for Board,
Attachments,
Attorneys' Receipts,
Bond of Indemnity to Constable,
Bond—Licenses,
Bond—Replevin,
Bond—Constables',
Bond of Sheriff in Attach't,
Bond for stay of exec'n,
Bank Notices,
Commissions,
Constable's sale,
Collector's Sale
Contract—Land,
Contract—Teachers,
Charters of Incorporation, with App.
Commission—Letter of Instruction,
Deed—Warranty,
Deed—Ex. Fa.
Deed—Quit Claim,
Declaration Common Counts (3 kinds),
Executions,
Election Notice,
Foreign Attachment,
Leasehold Mortgage,
Lease—Oil (3 kinds),
Lease—Land,
Mechanic's Lien,
Marriage Certificate,
Note—Judgment,
Notice of Protest,
Note, with power of attorney,
Oath & bond for admin. (writ
Petition for Licenses,
Praecipe,
Praecipe for Summons,
Praecipe & Mitt's for Jugt,
Praecipe for Fi. Fa.
Praecipe for Sci. Fa.,
Praecipe for Summons in Ass't,
Plaintiff's Statement and Notice,
Plaintiff's Bond in Replevin,
Poor Orders,
Protests,
Record of Judgments and Liens,
Road Orders,
Subpoenas,
Scire Facias to Revive Judgment,
Sheriff's Bill of Sale,
Statement for Judgment on Motion,
School Orders,
Transcript—Common wealth,
Transcript—Civil,
Warrants,
Attachments for Witness,
Sci. Fa. upon Recognizance.

E. F. Richmond & Son,

Druggists and Pharmacists,

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

6-tf

GOLD Great chances to make money. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered generally become wealthy; while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Augusta, Maine.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SODA FOUNTAIN

CONFECTIONERY

STORE.

Having recently opened a Confectionery store in Smethport I am prepared to furnish the public with

Choice Fresh Candies,

OF ALL KINDS,

TROPICAL FRUITS,

NUTS, ETC., ETC.

OYSTERS!

Fresh shell oysters served

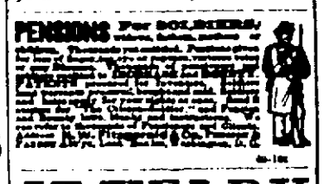
RAW, STEWED,

FRIED, STEAMED,

AND IN EVERY STYLE DESIRED AT ALL SEASONS OF THE YEAR.

A call is respectfully solicited.

52-tf T. J. HUMES.



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of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES

AND

EYE-GLASSES

TOYS,

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

against the World for time and money

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA

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Gas and Steam Fiting.

As the citizens of Smethport are about to introduce water into their streets,

IRLBACKER & DAVIS,

No. 503 Main Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

—AND—

IRLBACKER, DAVIS & CO.,

No. 144 Union Street,

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Offer their services to do anything desired in the line of Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, guaranteeing the best possible work and materials at the lowest possible prices.

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1882.

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ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Weekly stands at the head of American illustrated weekly journals. By its unparalleled position in politics, its admirable illustrations, its carefully chosen serials, short stories, sketches, and poems, contributed by the foremost artists and authors of the day, it carries instruction and entertainment to thousands of American Homes.

It will always be the aim of the publishers to make *Harper's Weekly* the most popular and attractive family newspaper in the world.

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H. W. RUBIN,

Dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches,

—JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all manner of

ENGRAVING,

and such work as belongs to the trade.

ALL WORK WARRANTED

I have also on hand a fine assortment of

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

GO TO THE

Marble Front Store!

SMETHPORT, PA.,

TO BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS!

GROCERIES,

Boots and Shoes.

W. D. GALLUP,

PROPRIETOR.

THE

PHILADELPHIA

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New stands confessedly at the head of Philadelphia journalism in all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper. It is more complete in its news, in its special correspondence, in its varied contributions on all subjects of popular interest, and in all the qualities of a newspaper for the family circle and for the business man than any of its contemporaries, because its facilities and resources are equal to every want of a first-class national journal.

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THE "ANNALS OF THE WAR"—chapters of unwritten history contributed by prominent actors in the war of the rebellion, are a valuable feature of the paper and have become a recognized depository of such matters, whether from Northern or Southern sources. This department, as well as all others, will be kept fully up to the high standard of former years.

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TIMES BUILDING,

Chestnut and Eighth Streets, Philadelphia.

SEND FOR A SPECIMEN COPY.

A FACT!

—TO—

Fresh Goods are Every Day Received at

H. L. WILSON'S STORE,

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.,

For the benefit of those who PAY CASH and get great bargains in all kinds of

CHOICE

Family Groceries,

PROVISIONS, ETC.

ALSO

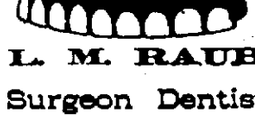
HAMS, BUTTER & EGGS ALWAYS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

TEAS, COFFEES, FRUITS, WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE.

Remember the place—the Wendel Store.

18-tf H. L. WILSON.

JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch. Terms reasonable. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Address MINER Office, Smethport, Pa.



L. M. RAUB,

Surgeon Dentist,

Belfast, Allegany Co. N. Y.

Teeth Extracted WITHOUT PAIN.

By the use of Dr. Van Benthuysen's Anæsthetic and gas.

Twenty-three years of continued and successful practice warrants me in promising full satisfaction.

Parties wishing dental services at their homes can be accommodated promptly by dropping me a postal card.

Will be at Smethport At the Wright House Tuesday, Jan'y 3d, 1882.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., January 19, 1882.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

We have frequently made requests through these columns to delinquent subscribers for a settlement, yet it was fruitless. To one individual the amount looks small, still when you take into consideration the number of different parties who are indebted to us the sum is not so trifling. We need the money and must have it. To those who can and will pay we will give them a chance to do so and save costs. To those who can and will not, we intend to place their accounts in the hands of their nearest Justice of the Peace with authority to collect. This is the only way we can devise of getting our just debts, and as we do not feel like continually dunning our patrons we are compelled to resort to it.

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

—This is a good month for church-going people; there are five Sundays in it.

—Next Tuesday evening Lavitt & Leach's Carnival of Fun Party give one of their exhibitions at the Opera House.

—We are sorry to learn that Mrs. W.S. Brownell is at present quite ill, but hope to be able to report her convalescence speedily.

—The Hose Boys have received word that their hose carriage has been shipped from New York, and are expecting its arrival every day.

—The necessary blanks for petitions for tavern and eating house licences, also the accompanying bonds, can be procured at this office.

—Those who are short of nickels may feel interested in the announcement that the coinage of them has been resumed at the Philadelphia mint and they will soon be plentiful again.

—Rev. E. P. Hubbell will conduct services at the Baptist church next Sunday morning and evening. Text in evening, John, xix, 22,—"What I have written I have written."

—Very little has so far been said about the borough and township elections next month, but we suppose all the candidates are on the alert and ready to wade in the moment the time comes.

—The revenue collected on spirits and tobacco in this State last year was $7,669,214. If all "the boys" keep their New Year's resolutions intact, this sum ought to be considerably diminished during the present year.

—A Clarion county cow has given birth to six healthy calves in twenty-five months. Isn't there a McKean county cow that can beat this record? If there is we will make it public, we don't want to see other counties "down" us.

—The man taking his advertisement out of his home paper to economize, might as well cut off his feet to obviate the necessity of buying stockings.—*Er.* Or plug his throat to save food.—*Warren Mail.* Or shut up his shop to save the trouble of waiting on customers.

—In our issue of last week we omitted to notice the marriage of J. R. Chadwick, Esq., to Mrs. Pauline Carter. The contracting parties are both well known in this place, and have received the hearty congratulations of their many friends, to which is added those of the MINER.

—Reuben Green, the man who died of small-pox in Bradford last week, was buried so hastily that the earth hardly covered his coffin, and a new interment took place on Wednesday morning, when a deeper grave was dug and the coffin placed in it as its final resting place.

—Kittredge has on exhibition and for sale at his store-room in the Opera House Block something new in the line of stoves. It is an oil stove—both for heating and cooking. They are gotten up very neatly, and it is claimed they are cheaper than coal stoves and it costs less to run them.

—The latest novelty is a dress album. A piece of every new dress is carefully cut and gummed on one side of the leaf, and the date attached. Thus the book forms a complete history of a lady's costumes from season to season.—*Ex.* We respectfully recommend the album to country editors' wives.

Betting on a man's life seems to be carrying the betting business pretty far; but there are lots of people even in Smethport who are ready to wager on the issue of the Guiteau trial without the least compunction. They don't entertain the exalted opinion of the assassin that he has of himself.

—The weather this week has been a little more wintry, and the few inches of snow that have covered the ground have been a source of delight to many. The hope is now that the ground will continue white until the lumbermen have time to get out the large quantity of timber that has been cut in the woods.

—Henry Ward Beecher, about whose sanctity grave doubts have at times been expressed, has been saying bad things about school ma'ms, and has had to "take it all back." Beecher says a good many things that pass current; but when he tackled the school ma'ms he made a big mistake. What would we do without them?

An editor wrote a personal about a young man going to spark his girl. When it was printed he was horrified to see the letter "n" substituted for the letter "r" in the word spark.—*Whitehall Times.* The personal was a little "too soon," that's all; the spanking business generally comes in after the marriage instead of before.

—Rev. E. P. Buck lectured at the Kittredge Opera House on Saturday night, his subject being "The Music of Laughter." The audience, though small, was appreciative, and the lecturer's remarks were listened to with attention. At the close Prof. Farmer announced that Mr. Buck would lecture again on Monday evening, part of the proceeds to go towards procuring an organ for the public scoool building, the subject to be "Sour Grapes." The attendance on Monday night was somewhat larger, and the lecture was much enjoyed.

—The County Commissioners are in session and full of business. They are equal to the occasion, however.

—As we prophesied in a late issue, Mr. J. W. Reilly's trip was a wedding trip. His bride was Miss Schoeneman, daughter of Mr. B. Schoeneman, of Farmers Valley. The couple were made one on Tuesday, the 10th inst., and are now, without doubt, spending a very happy honeymoon. A long and happy life to them.

—Rixford has had another fire. It occurred on Monday morning, and was caused by an over pressure of gas. The scene of the conflagration was in the middle of the town, and only hard and well-directed efforts saved its spread. The losers are S. Wilmer, $1,000, $600 insurance, and Lewis Unger, $3,500, with $1,700 insurance.

—Mr. L. B. Hobbs, well known in this place as a teacher of vocal and instrumental music, intends establishing a singing school here shortly, of which due notice will be given. The tickets for the formation of the class will be on sale at A. B. Armstrong's drug store, the Pickard House, and can also be procured of Mr. Hobbs.

—F. H. Farquharson, who for some time has been assisting M. L. Armstrong in the telegraph and express office at this place, started yesterday for Angelica to accept a position as station agent on a new road just running into that place. Frank is a good operator and we are glad to hear of his good luck. Nothing too good for him in Angelica.

—"Is he not coming, Myrtle?" "I guess not," is the girl's reply. "Do you regret his absence, my child?" "I do, mother, how deeply you can never know. He was good for two boxes of candy per week. But he has gone from me forever"—and, bursting into a storm of sobs, the girl cast herself passionately on a fauteuil.—*Chicago Tribune.*

—The Rockwell House in this place changed hands on Monday last, Mr. H. B. Sutliff vacating in favor of Mr. Henry Sartwell, who will no doubt make an excellent host. He has commenced improvements in the way of papering and kalsomining, and will do his best to make this a pleasant and popular hostelry. Mr. Sutliff has returned to Coleville.

—A donation party and oyster supper will be held at the residence of Mr. A. H. Cory, Coryville, on the evening of the 24th inst., the proceeds to be applied for the benefit of Rev. A. Brunson, pastor of the U. B. Church of that place. The committee who have the affair in hand will spare no pains to make it a pleasant affair, and a cordial invitation is extended to all.

—We are in receipt of the "Tribune Almanac," for 1882, published by the Tribune Association of New York city, and edited by Edward McPherson. Besides being a complete calendar and almanac, and containing much useful information, it is invaluable as a political register, and should be in the hands of every one who needs a handy book of reference. The price is twenty-five cents.

—From many different parts of the State comes the news that small pox is seeking victims relentlessly, and as we know that vaccination in the past has been potent in resisting its ravages, we advise it for our readers. Although not apprehending a visit of the dread pest to this place, vaccination has a double effect in establishing peace of mind as well as immunity from the disease; so, by all means be vaccinated.

—On Sunday night Aiken had another fiery baptism, a fire breaking out at about half past eight in a Chinese laundry in the Hitchcock building, opposite the Bingham House and spreading to the Rixford House, which was torn down to arrest the further progress of the flames. The losses entailed aggregate about $5000. The cause of the fire is supposed to have been carelessness on the part of the Chinese laundrymen.

—We are in receipt of "Baldwin's Official Railway Guide" for January, published by Henry Nauert & Co., 200 Main street, Buffalo. It is a very complete railroad guide, giving time tables and connections of all roads in this and New York State, with maps, distances, etc., and will be invaluable to the traveling public. It is revised and published the first of every month, and sold for ten cents a single copy, or at a regular subscription price of $1.00 per annum.

—We have received from Samuel Butler, Esq., State Treasurer, the report of the finances of the State for the year 1881, and from it find that the financial condition of the State is a source of hearty congratulation to those at the helm. During the year $421,801.60 of the public debt was redeemed, and the year 1882 starts out with the most flattering prospects of a large increase of revenue over the estimated expenses and a still larger reduction of the public debt.

—A Bradford county farmer has preserved a lot of "rusty coat" apples for two years in the ordinary way, and finds them sound as though they were just gathered from the trees, and ready to lay over another season or two. He considers that variety the most durable of any. They are a very nice flavored apple and if they will keep for two years and retain their flavor and goodness, we see no reason why the demand for "russets" should not exceed all others.

—Kane is at the front again. This time it is a case of attempted highway robbery. The *Blade* of last week says that Albert Ellithorp, a resident of Elk county, while on his way from Kane to Ludlow, was stopped by an unknown man who fired a revolver at him, at the same time demanding his money. Albert's horse not being slow to understand the unpleasant situation Al. was in (that of being without money) took fright and amidst a volley of bullets carried his trembling master to a place of safety.

—The bridge across the Allegheny near Warren, of the B. P. & W. extension, is at last finished. Track is laid up the river for about seven miles, and progress toward Kinzua is made daily. Work on the bridge at Big Bend has been commenced, and it is confidently expected that the road will be open for travel some time next month. It will materially shorten the distance between Bradford and Oil City, Titusville, Pittsburg and all points in the lower oil country.

—Every now and then a railroad accident startles the readers of the papers, but people will keep on traveling and trust to luck, just as if nothing had happened. We presume that very few of the traveling public who fly around on the narrow gauge roads that abound in this section ever give thought to the likelihood of an accident occurring. It is well that it is so, as fear is not a very pleasant companion on a journey, and taking the vast amount of railroad traveling that is done in this country, accidents are comparatively very few indeed.

Deadly Poison.

It is said that every part of that favorite house plant, the oleander, is deadly poison, and it really ought never to be permitted to grow where children can touch it. A single tuft of the leaf poisoned a valuable horse which ate it, dying the next day, the acid poison doing its work very quickly. The flowers have been known to produce death to those who, thoughtlessly picking the flowers, ate them. As many persons are entirely ignorant of the poisonous qualities of the plant, it would be well to have this knowledge more widely spread.

An Enterprising Firm.

Andrus, Pratt & Co., of Olean, N. Y., are making strong inducements to parties residing in other towns to purchase groceries and provisions of them. They have two well stocked stores, one on either side of Union street. Buying as they do in large quantities, they save in freights and discounts and can sell cheaper than country stores. They will submit prices and samples to boarding houses, or to any one desiring it, on application. They make specialties in flour, sugar, coffee, tea and canned goods. Sugars warranted free from glucose. Try a sample order and be convinced.

Fun Ahead.

On Tuesday evening next, 24th inst., Leavitt & Leaches' Carnival of Fun Party will appear at the Kittredge Opera House, and a pleasant evening's entertainment may be anticipated. The company include Swiss bell ringing with their other performances, and are one and all clever artists. Speaking of their appearance at that place, the Tunkhannock, Pa., *Standard* says:

"The entertainment, though dramatically termed 'variety' was of a high character, and perfectly chaste, and bristling with fun. Platt's Opera House was crowded as we have never before seen it upon the 'second night' and the company can be assured of a hearty and liberal welcome whenever they choose to return. Of the audience gathered upon this occasion it was noticeable as not of the usual character seen at entertainments, but was of the highest and best society in Tunkhannock and Mr. Leavitt a gentleman as we proved him, may be proud of the success of his efforts to cater to the public taste."

A company so well spoken of ought to be liberally patronized, and we wish them a full house.

Something Needed.

Just as those who resided in this place when it was in its infancy, desired and expected to see it what it is to-day in proportions and influence, the residents of to-day confidently expect that another decade will double the growth and improvements made in the past. Our leading men have ever proved ready and willing to help along anything which had for its object the in part of the borough, and are now watching each opportunity to add to such improvements and to attract to the place manufacturers and individuals whose presence will be conducive to our permanent welfare. In this connection it has been suggested that some one of our capitalists could supply a much needed want, and at the same time realize a handsome profit, by the erection of a number of small dwellings suitable for mechanics, many of whom come here to labor and leave their families in other places, simply for the reason that house room is not to be found in Smethport. It is not very comforting, certainly, to see a number of vacant houses, but we need not expect that state of affairs in this place, even if a whole row of cottages were erected. There appears to be very little emigration from Smethport, in fact, the tide for some years past has been all the other way, and hardly a week passes without there being some enquiries made for house room. We make these remarks on account of having been the recipient of correspondence on the subject, and we leave the matter in the hands of our shrewd and enterprising business men.

A Would-Be Jack Shepard.

On Saturday morning last James Elliott, who with Harry Dixon and Stephen Quinn, was in the jail in this place under sentence of eight years' imprisonment for robbing an old lady in Bradford last Fall, was brought up short in a boldly conceived undertaking to gain his liberty. He had said repeatedly that he would not go down the river, and events proved that he did all he could to make his word good; but the eyes of the officials were upon him and his plan was frustrated just at the time when he was no doubt confident of success. Since being sentenced he has been imprisoned in a cell immediately below what is known to the jailers as the woman's cell, and running through both cells is an upright flue. Elliott went to work soon after his incarceration, and by picking out part of the wall, soon made an opening in the flue by which he was enabled to get into the cell above. Into this cell he had taken a billy and a piece of iron rod with which to attack the officers, and his plan was to give an alarm that would lead to the opening of the upper cell in the night, when he would attack those who opened it and make good his escape. This he did on Saturday morning while darkness reigned, by calling out that the water was running and could not be stopped. In the meantime, however, his plan had been discovered and his cry was unheeded and he finkily went back to his cell, no doubt intending to try another alarm the next night. But he did not have the opportunity; he was interviewed that day and told that his plan had been discovered, when he coolly owned that his intention had been to "wade through" two or three men if he had got loose on the night in question. This was his last attempt, as on Tuesday last he and his companions in crime, Dixon and Quinn, were taken to Allegheny by the Sheriff.

BLOWN TO ATOMS.

TERRIBLE TAKING OFF OF CHAS. BERRIDGE, A TORPEDO MAN, NEAR BOLIVAR.

Another of those shocking accidents which so frequently startle the inhabitants of the oil country, occurred near Bolivar, N. Y., on Wednesday noon, resulting in the death of one Charles Berridge, aged twenty-three years, an employee of the Roberts Torpedo company.

The *Era* of to-day gives a graphic account of the terrible accident, and from it we extract the following details:

Charles E. Berridge, a shooter in the employ of the Roberts Torpedo Company, in the Allegany field, yesterday about noon shot Treat & Mallery's well No. 2, town of Bolivar. Forty-six quarts of nitro glycerine were employed in the torpedo, and, having taken forty-eight quarts of explosive with him, there were two quarts remaining. This latter amount was left in the can, and it was Berridge's intention to have replaced it in the magazine. As the location of the latter will have much to do in making clear what follows, it will be here described. It is situated in a narrow, deep ravine on J. H. Root farm, about one-half mile from the village of Bolivar. It is, perhaps, one-fourth of a mile north of the town line highway. The hills on either side of the magazine are rugged and densely covered with timber and underbrush which grows down close to a little, limpid brook which babbles through the secluded ravine, having its course near the door of the magazine. So wild is the section where the magazine is located that it was necessary to hew down brush to secure a site. From the highway to the magazine there is a road also cut through the heavy brush which barely admits of the passage of a wagon. A short distance from the magazine the road is enlarged so that a wagon may be turned. The location for the purpose for which it was selected is an admirable one. The magazine is sunk in the side of the hill, and the front protected by a stout frame and planks. It was in this magazine that Berridge intended to deposit the can containing the two quarts of explosive. He reached the place and securely tied the horses, and taking the can moved toward the magazine, perhaps forty-feet distant. It will be remembered that it was quite cold yesterday forenoon and, it is safe to presume, that after exposure to the sharp, chilling winds for several hours, Berridge was thoroughly benumbed, and somewhat awkward in movement in consequence. The ground over which he intended to pass from the wagon to the magazine was covered with snow and short round twigs, liable to turn under one's foot. After having walked about ten feet, Berridge either dropped or fell with the can. The report which attended the detonation, considering the quantity of glycerine, was remarkably heavy. At Allentown, five miles away, it was clearly audible indoors, and at Richburg, one mile distant, the sound was not only distinct, but the earth was felt to fairly vibrate under the great force of the concussion. There was no other human being near when the horrible accident took place. When persons arrived at the scene the horses stood as if transfixed, trembling with terror. An excavation had been made in the earth which was frozen as hard as rock, to a depth of two and one half feet and about five feet in diameter. The ground was scattered about on the snow in the form of dust over a radius of fifty feet. The first persons on the ground at once began a search for the remains of the victim of the distressing casualty.

At one point in the bushes a portion of one hip was found, at another place, sections of the vertebra, elsewhere a part of the skull, at still another point the bones and tendons of the hands and forearms completely stripped of all evidences of flesh. Here and there in every direction bits of the dead man's flesh were found in the snow and low-growing timber. Those pieces varied in size from a filbert to the dimensions of one's hand. All were tenderly gathered together and placed upon a broad board and considerately covered with a blanket. Subsequently Superintendent William Warmcastle, of the Roberts Torpedo Company, secured a beautiful casket and deposited the earthly remains of poor Berridge therein. No blood was observed anywhere on the snow near the scene of the disaster. A peculiarity noticeable in connection with the ghastly remains was that blood was not to be seen on the surface. It seemed to have vaporized under the extreme heat or force of the explosive. Circumstances warrant the belief that Berridge fell on the can containing the death-dealing fluid, as the manner in which the remains were mangled made manifest the fact that the resistance came from above. This theory is further substantiated in the perfectly preserved condition of Berridge's pass-book which was in his hip-pocket. A number of letters and other papers in that pocket were likewise found to be free from mutilation.

The pocket, however, was torn from the pantaloons. Berridge was known to have received his month's wages the preceding day and to have had the money in a book in one of his frontal pantaloon pockets. No trace of the pocketbook or money were discovered. With a few exceptions all of the man's clothing was torn to shreds and patches and lay about over the ground in diminutive pieces, as if used for gun wads. The horses and wagon were but ten feet from the place of explosion. Remarkable as it may appear, both animals escaped alive. However, the poor brutes were riddled up in a shocking manner with pieces of tin and frozen earth. As already stated, notwithstanding the intense pain they suffered, they were standing in a dazed condition and trembling like leaves when the first person on the ground arrived. At no time did the poor brutes make an effort to start or run away. By the concussion the wagon or buckboard was turned over or dropped squarely upon the horse's backs. Subsequently it dropped to the ground, and was but slightly damaged. The strangest feature connected with the terrible disaster was the non-explosion of the magazine. It was but thirty feet from the spot, and contained between 300 and 400 pounds of compound. There was power enough to tear planks from the strong frame work of the magazine. It was thought last evening that one and probably both of the horses would have to be killed by way of relief from their misery."

The young man was highly esteemed by those who knew him and was shortly to be married to a young lady of Bradford, when he had determined to abandon his dangerous business. An inquest was held on the remains at Bolivar on Wednesday evening, and yesterday they were forwarded to his home in Parma, Monroe county, N. Y., for interment.

The Lumbermen's Association.

The lumbermen of this section met at Olean on the 16th inst. to confer in regard to the establishment of uniform prices for their lumber and the transaction of other business bearing upon the interests of the trade. The following circular which has since been issued to all the lumbermen interested, explains the business done:

CIRCULAR.

January 16, 1882.

At an adjourned meeting of the manufacturers of hemlock lumber held at Olean this day, the following gentlemen were present:

Messrs. Bullis Bros., who also represented Arnold & Dolley; F. H. Goodyear, also representing G. D. Briggs, Coleman & Sanders, represented by D. Wright; Pelton Bros., W. H. Read, Harah & Schreiber, Geo. VanCampen, Thos. Frisbee, Thos. Waineman and J. J. Newman.

On motion of F. H. Goodyear, the meeting was called to order with S. S. Bullis in the chair, J. J. Newman acting in the capacity of secretary.

As it was voted that the duty of the secretary shall be to report to the absent parties the sense of the meeting, he will do so in the following briefly:

1st. That on and after this date the price of hemlock lumber on cars at Buffalo, N. Y., shall be

$10.50 per 1000 ft.	for	20 ft. and under.	
11.50	"	"	20 ft., up to and including 24 feet.
12.50	"	"	30 ft. and upwards.
11.50	"	"	flooring.

Price for N. Y. C. R. R. points shall be fifty cents per 1000 feet, on cars at Buffalo, less than the foregoing prices.

Price established for lumber delivered on cars in the City of Rochester, shall be fifty cents advance over Buffalo city prices, say $11.00, $12.00 and $13.00 per 1000 feet, in proportion to the respective lengths before mentioned.

It was also agreed to establish the price on lumber sold at the respective mills at $8 00, $9 00 and $10.00 per 1000 feet, in proportion to lengths furnished as before mentioned.

It was also voted that the chairman appoint a committee to draft articles of the Lumbermen's Association, and the committee appointed is as follows: Messrs. Schreiber, Goodyear and Newman. On motion of Mr. Goodyear, the name of Mr. Spencer Bullis was also added to the committee.

It was voted that the committee meeting be held on Friday, the 27th inst., at 12 o'clock M., at the Central House, in Eldred, Pa., and this committee be empowered to call the next meeting of the lumbermen.

It was also voted that each manufacturer, so far as interested, should issue a circular at once to his customers, stating prices herein established, thereby facilitating a more uniform and rapid advance in the different markets, as well as giving customers the privilege of taking advantage of stock in hand.

It was also unanimously voted that the manufacturers of lumber on the Allegheny river and its tributaries be notified that on and after this date they shall discontinue putting their waste, such as edgings, slabs, etc., into the stream; and, that if they persist in so doing they shall be punished to the full extent of the law.

Voted to adjourn, subject to call of committee.

Ready for Business.

Messrs. Joseph & Dornberg, the enterprising clothiers of Eldred, are now comfortably ensconced in their new brick building on Main street, and report a business larger than ever. They certainly deserve a liberal patronage as they display one of the largest stocks of ready made clothing and gents' furnishings to be found in northern Pennsylvania. Their range of goods is very wide and comprises everything that men dress and adorn their persons with. Remembering the adage, "cut your cloth to your measure," they have selected such a variety of goods that the owner of a shallow purse can be as well suited as the owner of a distended wallet. In overcoatings they are offering special bargains, and while their stock of winter and spring clothing is of good value and very carefully selected, the prices are as low as if it was of inferior value. An inspection will prove profitable to those who want to purchase anything in the clothing or gents' furnishing line.

A Complete Establishment.

Whether Vennor's weather predictions are right or wrong makes no difference to those who visit Joseph & Dornberg's mammoth clothing and gents' furnishing store at Eldred, as these gentlemen have clothes suitable to every variation of the thermometer, and sell them at such low prices that they are within the reach of all. They are just now selling winter overcoats at such prices that they amount almost to a gift, while their lighter overcoats for spring wear are offered at a price that will astonish any one who inspects their stock. In the piles of clothing on their counters may be found every variety of cloth, from the cheapest kind of material to the more costly diagonals and broadcloths of which their dress suits are made, and this cloth is made up in the most fashionable styles and with the most complete trimmings. Their line of gents' furnishings is also very full and handsome, and we advise all visiting Eldred to give them a call.

To Lumbermen and Farmers.

For all kinds of lumber sleds, cutters, and in fact any kind of sleighs go to Wm. Manser's, Water street, where you can find anything in that line cheap for cash.

I keep the best horseshoer in my employ to be found in the country.

Ref. JACOB WIND, Sup't.

Dentistry.

Dr. L. M. Rauh will be at the Wright House, January 17 and 18, 1882, for the practice of Dentistry. Special attention given to filling and preserving the natural teeth. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Dr. VonBonhorst's anæsthetic and gas. 4-3n.

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION BY THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Mr. Higbee, superintendent of public instruction, having solicited an opinion from the attorney-general's office as to his power to draw on a surplus of $55,000 of the Soldiers' Orphans' School fund, in the state treasury, deputy attorney-general, Mr. Gilbert, has addressed a communication to the auditor general, in which the following appears: The manifest meaning of this statutory language is that the expenditure for the school year ending May 31, 1882, shall not exceed $360,000, and that for the school year ending May 31, 1883, shall not exceed $340,000, in addition to any amount remaining unused from the amount appropriated for the school year ending May 31, 1881.

If the sum of money definitely appropriated for this object for the school year ending May 31, 1881, has been expended the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools are limited in the amounts they can receive from the state treasury to the sum of $360,000 for year ending 31st May, 1883, as the surplus accumulated before 1881 all will remain in the treasury according the above decision. Mr. Higbee had intended to use a portion of this surplus in maintaining and educating a considerable number of soldiers' orphans whose applications are on file in his department.

Local Notices.

—The New Home and Hartford Sewing Machines, the two best machines in the market to-day, for sale by Wm. Haskill & Son. 6

—Hand knit wool hose at Haskill & Son's.

—We have not got the small pox, but we can sell you the most dry goods for the least money of any one in the city. Come & c. Wm. Haskill & Son. 6

—The very best and largest line of Gents' furnishing goods in the city at Haskill & Son's. 6

—Clothing for men, boys and children at Haskill & Son's. 6

—Rubber boots, shoes and overs at Haskill & Son's.

—Gloves, mittens and hose of all kinds at Haskill & Son's.

—A large stock of wall paper just received at Specht & Sasse's. All the new and latest designs. 2tf

—Special drives in dress goods at Haskill's & Son until February 1st.

—Ladies' underwear of all kinds at prices lower than ever at Haskill & Son's.

—Men's boots and shoes of all kinds. All goods warranted as stated at Haskill & Son's.

—Ribbons, ties, laces, and a full lin of notions, at Haskill & Son's.

—Haskill & Son are selling knit goods at ruinous prices.

—Remember Haskill & Son keep the best line of dry goods.

—Black and colored silk fringes at Haskill & Son's.

—A few cloaks at cost at Haskill & Son's.

—The best line of hats and caps at Haskill & Son's.

—Owing to the open winter we are having we are selling overcoats at prices that defy competition. Come and see us. Haskill & Son.

—The largest line of boots and shoes always to be found at Haskill & Son's.

—The best evidence that Gifford's 50c tea is good is the fact that the sale of it increases daily.

—Gents' overcoats at such low prices at Gifford's as to astonish you.

—Rubber boots just received at Gifford's.

—Goods cheap for cash at Gifford's.

—Never before were goods sold so cheap in Smethport as at Gifford's now.

—Gifford has a large stock of clothing which must and will be sold cheap.

—Underwear a specialty at King & Gifford's.

—Ladies' and children's hoods and jackets at cost at Gifford's.

—Miss. E. Carson is disposing of her large stock of millinery at cost, and offers some splendid bargains. She is selling trimmed hats as low as 75 cents, and other goods equally cheap. Her entire stock was carefully selected, is of good value, and comprises some of the prettiest hats and bonnets and the richest feathers, flowers and trimmings to be found in any millinery establishment in the county. Call and inspect her stock and prices. 6

Step in and Settle.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are hereby notified to call and settle immediately, and save themselves costs. A prompt settlement will save trouble and costs. W. T. CALLAR.

Smethport, Jan. 1, 1882.

Take Notice.

All accounts due A. Reilly for goods procured at the cigar and tobacco store lately owned by him are in my hands for collection. Prompt settlement of the same will save costs.

4-tf G. M. SMITH, J. P.

Horses For Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale a span of horses together with the harnesses. They are perfectly sound, kind and gentle. For further information inquire of

3-3t S. J. GIFFORD, Smethport Pa.

Frazier Axle Grease.

One trial will convince you that it is the best. Ask your dealer for the Frazier Axle Grease, and take no other. Every box has our trade mark on. 47-3m

Important to Travelers.

Special inducements are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue. 44-3m.

DIED.

BARRETT.—At the residence of his son Lewis, in Jackson, Minn., on Saturday, January 7th, 1882, Mr. Thornton Barrett, formerly of Lansing, Pa., in the 76th year of his age.

EX-SOLDIERS and Their Families should all read THE WORLD AND SOLDIER, published at Washington, D. C. It contains stories from the War, Camp Life, Scenes from the Battlefield, and a thousand things of interest to our country's defenders. It supplants all the Local and Independent publishers in Pensions and Bounty for Soldiers and their heirs. Right here, fully explained. Write for it. Address, THE WORLD AND SOLDIER, Box 844, Washington, D. C. 6-3t

LEGAL

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the Courts of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Wednesday, Jan. 11, 1882, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 13th day of February, 1882, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, January 11, 1882, and the 107th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. I. WILCOX, sheriff.

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn for Second Monday of February, 1882.

Ackley, Charles, Kendall Borough.
Bennett, W. A., Eldred Township.
Beaver, J. H., Smethport Borough.
Barnaby, Alonzo R., Liberty Township.
Beyer, Edwin, Keating Township.
Curtis, W. L., Eldred Township.
Cross, Cornelius, Foster township.
Carpenter, Oscar, Eldred township.
Cary, A. H., Keating township.
Cary, Orson, Eldred township.
Cumming, Willard, Eldred township.
Card, S. P., Keating township.
Dolley, Isaac, Liberty township.
Deming, John H., Eldred township.
Dodge, A. W., Eldred township.
Dorsey, H. C., Foster township.
Deming, Thomas, Cores township.
Gilford, Z. D., Smethport borough.
Greenberg, S. P., Eldred township.
Grover, C. E., Liberty township.
Hooker, F. I., Foster township.
Hamlin, H. H., Smethport borough.
Hooker, Nelson, Eldred township.
Irons, Oscar, Otto township.
Knapp, M. G., Eldred township.
Kemp, D. S., Duke Centre borough.
Kerns, Frank, Smethport borough.
Knapp, G. L., Keating township.
Lynch, Patrick, Foster township.
McDaniels, F. A., Liberty township.
Mohle, W. G., Duke Centre borough.
Starkweather, W. L., Eldred township.
Sheppard, W. L., Otto township.
Stone, C. W., Kendall borough.
Tronts, I. A., Otto township.
Walters, Augustus, Smethport borough.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
N. C. GALLUP, Jury Com'r.

Attest: W. D. GALLUP, Clerk.
Smethport, Jan. 16, 1882.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 84, September Term, 1881.

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, Lizzie A. Conan, by her next friend Walter Anderson, did, on the twenty-third day of May, 1881, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, George A. Conan.

We therefore command you, the said George A. Conan, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the fourth Monday of February next, to answer the petition or libel of said Lizzie A. Conan, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

Witness the Hon. H. W. Williams, President (seal of the Court) of our said Court at Smethport, on Monday, the 13th day of January, A. D. 1882.

Signed, JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Prothy.
HUGH F. BRAWLEY, Dep.

A true copy. A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
Hotchkiss, Wolf & George. 6

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 271, May Term, 1881.

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, Charles Valentine Green did, on the twenty-eighth day of March, 1881, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Ada Victoria Green.

We therefore command you, the said Ada Victoria Green, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the fourth Monday of February next, to answer the petition or libel of said Charles Valentine Green, and to show causes, if any you have, why the said Charles Valentine Green should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

Witness, the Hon. H. W. Williams, President (Seal of Common) of our said Court at Smethport, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1882.

Signed, JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Prothy.
HUGH F. BRAWLEY, Dep'y.

A true copy. A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
Hotchkiss, Wolf & George. 6

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. 358, September Term, 1881.

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, Alice Decker did, on the 31st day of July, 1881, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Jacob Decker.

We therefore command you, the said Jacob Decker, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas to be held for the County of McKean, on the 4th Monday of February next, to answer the petition or libel of said Alice Decker, and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Alice Decker, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

Witness, the Hon. H. W. Williams, President (Seal of Common) of our said Court at Smethport, this 18th day of January, A. D., 1882.

Signed, JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Prothy.
HUGH F. BRAWLEY, Dep'y.

A true copy. A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
T. A. Morrison. 6

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 139, February Term, 1881.

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, Lemon D. McPhail, by her next friend, Oscar Kibbels, did, on the twenty-third day of December, 1881, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Enos W. McPhail.

We therefore command you, the said Enos W. McPhail, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the fourth Monday of February next, to answer the petition or libel of said Lemon D. McPhail, and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Lemon D. McPhail, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

Witness, the Hon. H. W. Williams, President (Seal of Common) of our said Court at Smethport, this 18th day of January, A. D., 1882.

Signed, JOHN B. BRAWLEY, Prothy.
HUGH F. BRAWLEY, Dep'y.

A true copy. A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
Hotchkiss, Wolf & George. 6

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New York, Lake Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, for the election of a President and Board of Directors to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1008 Harmon St., West Philadelphia, on Friday evening, Jan'y 27th, 1882, between the hours of seven and nine o'clock. L. ROMANA, Sec.

Harrisburg, Jan'y 24, 1882. 4-3t.

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Bradford and Kendall Mining Company will be held at their office in Bradford, on Saturday, January 7th, 1882, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., for the election of Directors and to transact such other business as may at that time be presented.

Transfer Books will close December 27th and remain closed until after the Election.

GEO. A. BERRY, President.

Attest: ANDREW IRVINE, Sec'y.
Bradford, Pa., Dec. 13th, 1881.3-3t.

Notice.

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY OF THE Last Will of James A. Reed, deceased, late of Keating Township, Pa., have been issued to the subscribers. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to pay the same, and all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present the same for adjustment.

KEITH HAMILTON, } Executors.
ARA E. REED, }

Smethport, Dec. 19, 1881.3-6t.

Executors' Notice.

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY OF THE Last Will of Daniel Stanley, deceased, late of Annin Township, Pa., have been issued to the subscribers. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to pay the same, and all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present the same for adjustment.

A. L. STANLEY, } Executors.
L. L. STANLEY, }

Annin Creek, McKean Co., Jan. 10, 1882.3-6t.

THE

MINER

JOB

ROOMS

ARE SUPPLIED WITH

NEW

PRESSES

AND THE

LARGEST STOCK

OF

PRINTERS'

STATIONERY

IN THE COUNTY.

PRICES LOW

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

CONDUCTED BY R. O. CAMPBELL.

DISCIPLINE OF THE SCHOOL.

BY HIRAM ORCUTT, LL. D.

Issued by the Bureau of Education, Washington, D. C., August 13, 1881.

VALUE OF WRITTEN COMPOSITIONS.

And while dealing with the thoughts of others, the scholar should be taught to express his own on slate or paper as soon as he is able to write. This department of composition, though the most neglected, is the most important of all. Hence, the teacher should give it special and frequent attention, at every stage of instruction, that his pupils may learn to express themselves in an easy and graceful manner.

DANGER OF TEACHING BY QUESTIONS.

The three methods of instruction now claim our attention. The more common is by *questioning*. Questioning is not the best method of instruction, nor can it be safely adopted as the only method. Yet the method has its place, and may be useful, first, to direct the attention of the pupil to special topics or thoughts which have been overlooked or omitted in the recitation; secondly, it is useful in conducting reviews and examinations.

HOW TO PUT QUESTIONS.

But the teacher must exercise special care as to the manner of putting questions. 1st. He should never ask leading questions, such as will suggest to scholar the answer. 2d. He should always put the question to the class before he calls up the individual, so as to secure the attention of all. And while he should also see that the answer is confined to the question, is concise and logical, and given in correct language. This habit of criticism will secure accuracy of thought and expression and impart positive knowledge. It is opposed to that loose and vague method of study and expression which results in mental anarchy and confusion.

VALUE OF WRITTEN EXAMINATIONS.

Written answers have the advantage over verbal that they bring the scholar under rigid examination in other departments of primary instruction. A written answer exposes his penmanship, orthography, use of capitals, punctuation, and forms of expression. Hence, this method of examination should be practiced as often as time and circumstances will allow.

THE USE OF LECTURES.

Lecturing is another method of instruction which has its uses and abuses. A lecture by the teacher should never be substituted for a recitation by the class. These exercises are separate and distinct in their aims and results. Many teachers suppose that the measure of their ability as instructors is the power they have to explain and talk before the class, and hence they spend the most of the hour assigned to recitation in the display of their own gift of speech. But in the recitation room the good teacher has but little to say. His ability is tested by his silence more than by his loquacity; by his power to rouse and direct the activity of his pupils more than by his own actions, but there are times and places for familiar and studied lectures, and the object to be gained is twofold, viz. to impart instruction and to give variety and fill up the vacant hour. And they should be employed to accomplish another object: to discipline the pupil in the habit of listening. He may acquire correct habits of study and accuracy and fluency in recitation, and yet be a listless hearer. He must therefore be educated to listen, and this can be done in no way so well as by requiring the class to hear the lecture and repeat in recitation in their own language what was communicated or explained.

THE PURPOSE OF ALL EDUCATION.

But, after all, independent topical recitation is the true method of instruction, whenever the subject will admit of it. This will appear when we consider that the end of study, recitation and instruction is not the attainment of knowledge, but discipline. The results of education are illustrated, not by the golden cup filled to the brim, but by the swelling bud developed into blossoms and ripe fruit through the genial influence of light, heat and moisture. Education, then, is not the storing of knowledge, but the development of power; and the law of development is through exercise.

Study and recitation are the principal agencies to be employed in the process of training. Instruction is useful and important only so far as it secures, directs, and controls earnest study and careful recitation. Any system of instruction, therefore, which weakens the motive or removes the necessity of laborious thinking and independent expression is false in theory and ruinous in practice. Hence I condemn the theory as ruinous in practice. Hence I condemn the "drawing out" and "pouring in" system, if either is the only or principal one adopted.

HOW TO RECITE.

As recitation is wholly the work of the scholar, he should recite independently and topically, when the subject will admit of it. Captions, definitions, tables and fixed rules should be accurately recited in the words of the author, but every other kind of lesson should be expressed in the pupil's own language. The recitation should be made standing, that the pupil may be brought out prominently before the class and acquire the habit of thinking and speaking in that exposed position. This will give him confidence and self-control. But sound thoughts cannot be expressed in words; these must be drawn out in figures, diagrams and maps. Again, the skilful teacher will adapt his instruction to the capacity, attainments and dispositions of his scholars. Some are bright and some are stupid; some are timid and some are bold; and some have enjoyed better advantages than others at home and abroad. Now, each of these classes require special training; and that teacher alone is wise and can hope to be eminently successful who is able to adapt his treatment and instruction to the wants of all. Every mind must be tasked to be educated; and hence each scholar should have just such lessons assigned to him as he is able, by the greatest exertion, completely to master. The dull scholar should have a few lessons at the stage time; the easy scholar more, each according to his ability to learn.

Compel each scholar to do all he is able to do, then each will be equally benefited by the discipline of school life. Treat the dull scholar with stimulants, the timid with encouragement, the self sufficient with hard questions and severity; task the apt scholar and give him but little assistance.

POLITENESS A LOST ART.

The discipline of good manners.—This subject, which our fathers seem to have regarded of great importance, has been fearfully neglected in these latter days. As a consequence, our children in the family and school practice only rudeness and insubordination. To such an extent has this department of education been neglected of late in our country that we have received merited reproach from other nations. We may here draw the contrast between the old and new civilization. The old was distinguished by a proper regard for all the courtesies of refined life; the new can boast of nothing but incivility. The rapid decline of good manners in our times appears most evident when we compare the practice of our fathers with their degenerate grand children. The old civilization recognized the "bow" and "courtesy" as tokens of respect. They have ever been so regarded, though sometimes used as mere signs of recognition. In the rural districts, the bow and courtesy have been regarded as evidence of good breeding and as the expression of proper reverence cherished by the young for their superiors. Alas! that the sign and the thing signified have nearly passed away! The expressions of genuine politeness and deference which were met in every cultivated family and good school in the days of the distinguished Dr. Edwards have given place to habits of coarseness and incivility, and the sir and madam, which were always used by the children in the genteel family as a title of respect for parents, have, with the bow and courtesy, passed away. And where now do we find that gentleness, politeness, and ready obedience which characterized the children in their relations to those whom God had placed over them in their own homes? In those days, under the direction of parental authority, children kept their places, regarded their instructors, and observed all the little acts of civility which throw a charm around the family circle. Not so now. Rudeness characterizes all their movements at home and in school. With their heads covered, they lounge about the house, intrude themselves into company, interrupt conversation, dispute with superiors, and make themselves disagreeable in every way. At school the bound and scream which follow the word of dismissal remind one of incipient savages; and in the streets the teacher may not expect from schoolboys, as a rule, respectful attention and courteous behavior, but rather insulting words, and even snowballs or mudballs, if he chance to come in their way.

MANNERS AND MORALS INSEPARABLE.

Now, the manners of a people surely indicate their morals; but human society itself exists only so long as the moral sense of the community is preserved. Of manners and morals it may, then, be affirmed that the one is but the complement of the other, and that they cannot be separated. Like the twin Siamese, their vital organs are connected; their life blood flows from the same heart and through the same channels. Sever the artery that connects them, and you destroy the life of both. Morals divorced from manners become cold and repulsive, but when united they are attractive and pleasing. And how are we to gain what we have lost in this important department of education? Lack of home culture and discipline is the principal cause of the evil we contemplate. Children left to their own ways grew up in the entire disregard of common courtesy. They neglect to show proper respect to parents and teachers, to seniors in age, and to superiors in station, wisdom, and virtue.

And if the ordinary civilities of refined life are not regarded in the family and school and in the social intercourse of home society, how can we expect that politeness will be extended to the stranger met in the marts of business or in the walks of pleasure? In the present condition of society, much responsibility in regard to the needed reform rests upon the teachers of our public schools. And the only way to accomplish the desired object is by earnest self culture and faithful instruction on the part of the teachers of the nation and those who are candidates for that responsible office.

—The son of the eldest daughter of Patrick Henry who graduated at Washington University is a good scholar, and accomplished in many directions. At the age of fifteen he joined the Confederate Army and lost his leg at Manassas. He was subsequently the private secretary of Senator Foote. He has wandered about the country, occasionally engaging in newspaper work in various cities, but constantly sinking lower and lower through his uncontrollable love of liquor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 1, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring, when the price will be reduced.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., July 28, 1880-tf.

Wm. H. Proffitt. | H. H. Warner. | Robt. McMeen.

(*Late Assistant Com'r of Patents.*)

H. H. WARNER & CO., Attorneys at Law,

Warner Building, Washington, D. C.

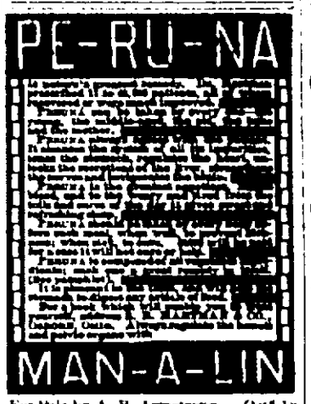
Attention given to Patent and Mining cases, Lands, Pensions, Bounties, and Government claims. Attention prompt, charges moderate. Address with stamp. Refer to Members of Congress and Heads of Government Departments. 9tf

$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made. Some have not worked an hour before they were successful. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 9tf

$2 Outfit free. Now is the time. Those who are already at work are making large profits. A few more agents wanted at once. Call or address at once, JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich. 44-4ty.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA



MAN-A-LIN

For Sale by A. B. Armstrong. Ont-ly

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of vicinity and the county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand

Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT, March 10, 1881.—y1.

$10 Outfit furnished free, with full instructions for conducting the most profitable business that anyone can engage in. The business is so easy to learn, and our instructions are so simple and plain, that any person can make great profits from the very start. No one can fail who is willing to work. Women are as successful as men. Boys and girls can earn large sums. Many have doubled the business of years in a few months. Hundreds of dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. All who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in this business during your spare time at great profit. You do not have to invest capital in it. We take all the risk. Those who need ready money, should write to us at once. All furnished free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 9-1y.

PATENTS

6-tf.

BEST business now before the public. You can make large profits at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly Outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 9-1y.

EX-SOLDIERS And all others entitled to additional bounty, can obtain all need for assessing copy of their pamphlet paper, THE WORLD AND SOLDIER, published at Washington, D. C. It contains matter from the War, Camp Life, Sieges, Incidents from the Battlefield, and a thousand things of interest to our country's defenders. It contains all the Laws and Instructions relating to Pensions and Bounty for soldiers and their heirs. Right to Bounty, Pensions, Widows, Orphans, Heirs, &c., &c., explained fully. Address WORLD AND SOLDIER, Box 688, Washington, D. C. 6-4t.

MISCELLANEOUS

Fall & Winter

OPENING!

1881.

JOSEPH & DORNBERG,

NO. 90 MAIN STREET.

ELDRED, PA.

Have Just Opened the Largest and Most complete Stock of

Boys' and Childrens'

CLOTHING

To be found anywhere. Their stock of

GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

IS IMMENSE.

Those preferring garments made to order can be accommodated, as a large stock of Foreign and Domestic piece goods is always on hand, and good fits guaranteed.

Joseph & Dornberg,

ELDRED, PA.

LOTS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES

—AT—

Farmers' Valley Depot.

The undersigned is prepared to lease very eligible lots for building and business purposes at Farmers' Valley depot, on reasonable terms. For further information call upon or address

ADAM BROCKAM,

May 8, 1879-tf Farmers' Valley, Pa.

A. REILLY,

Contractor in Stone Masonry, Brick Work, Lathing and Plastering.

LIME,

LATH,

PLASTER and

PLASTERING HAIR,

Furnished at the LOWEST RATES.

MARBLE FRONT

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVEINT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Chellis's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING,
HAIR-CUTTING,
SHAMPOOING,

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

Bath Rooms Attached.

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

How-When-Where-Why

HOW?

Put money in your purse and come to my store where you can buy goods cheap.

WHEN?

Any time.

WHERE?

At my store in Colegrove. I invite examination and inspection.

WHY?

That's the question. Why buy of me? Well, because in justice to yourselves, friends and families.

Goods are all Marked in Plain Figures.

I can sell you better Goods and Cheaper than any other dealer in this Valley.

C. M. COLEGROVE.

Colegrove, Pa. Sept. 29, 1881.6m.

MILLINERY GOODS

LATEST

Fall AND Winter

STYLES.

Ladies' Gauze Underwear, Fine Rucking, Velling, Knitting Silk, Worsted & Notions.

All orders promptly executed with neatness and dispatch.

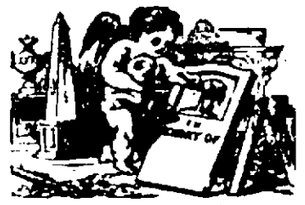
Prices warranted to please.

Miss E. CARSON,

Next door to Chellis's new brick store, on corner, Main street, Smethport, Pa. 9-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,



ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order

C. N-W

THE

Chicago & Northwestern Rail'y

IS THE

OLDEST! BEST CONSTRUCTED! BEST EQUIPPED! AND HENCE THE

LEADING RAILWAY

OF THE

WEST & NORTHWEST.

It is the short and best route between Chicago and all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, California, Oregon, Arizona, Utah, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, and for

Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver, Leadville, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Deadwood, Sioux City,

Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Columbus, and all points in the Territories, and the West. Also for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Watertown, Houghton, Neenah, Menasha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Volga, Fargo, Bismarck, Winona, LaCrosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin, and the Northwest.

At Council Bluffs the trains of the Chicago & Northwestern and the C. P. Rys depart from, arrive at and use the same Joint Union Depot.

At Oakland, close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk Rys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle Routes.

Close connections made at Junction Points. It is the only line running

PULLMAN HOTEL DINING CARS

BETWEEN

Chicago & Council Bluffs.

Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains.

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road. Examine your tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

If you wish the best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route.

AND WILL TAKE NO OTHER.

All Ticket Agents sell tickets by this line.

MARVIN HUGHITT,
19-1y V. P. & Gen. Man., Chicago.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

I employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

And my work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT MY SHOP and I will convince you that I can do better by you than any foreign dealers.

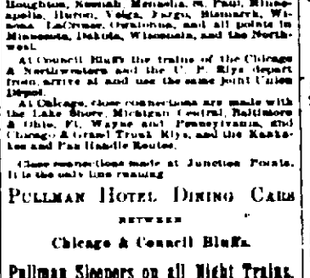
GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa. April 26, 1879

HELP

Yourselves by making money when a golden chance is offered. Poverty always keeping poverty from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 9-1y

GET THE BEST!



LEAD ALL OTHERS!

Every Style & Price.

Guaranteed Unequaled

FOR

OPERATION,
ECONOMY,
DURABILITY and
WORKMANSHIP.

Improvements and Conveniences found in no others.

Always Reliable.

POPULAR EVERYWHERE.

For Sale in Every City and Town in the United States.

For sale by M. A. Sprague, dealer in general hardware, Smethport, Pa.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine. 9-1y

OR. WHITE'S

ASIATIC AGUE CURE

INVARIABLY

Gives Immediate Relief and Cure

IN THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:

FEVER AND AGUE,
MALARIA,
BILIOUSNESS,
JAUNDICE,
DYSPEPSIA,
SICK HEADACHE,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
SCIATIC RHEUMATISM,
DEBILITY,
LOSS OF APPETITE.

IS A

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER,
IS THE BEST OF TONICS,
Prevents YELLOW FEVER

AND

All CONTAGIOUS DISEASES

Read what Others say

Wm. J. Nye, New Bedford, Mass., says: "Asiatic Ague Cure entirely cured me of Chills and Fever, which I had had for many years. It is the only pill in Eclectic Pharmacopœia. My little daughter, too, was cured of Fever and Ague."

J. B. Bennett, Bolton Ave., Jersey City, N. J., says: "I paid $50 to Dr. Quinine and doctor's bills, but got no relief till I tried your Asiatic Remedy, which cured me of Chills and Fever. I feel grateful for the cure."

S. F. Marcus, Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "Asiatic Ague Cure relieved me of Dyspepsia which everything else had failed to."

John Hosier, Greenpoint, N. Y., writes: "For years have been troubled with pimples on the face, arising from biliousness and impure blood. Your medicine entirely cured me."

P. A. Hyatt, 100 Myrtle Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "I feel it a privilege to be able to say I like a charm on the Liver, and just what I needed for purifying and making the blood."

Ask your Druggist for Asiatic Ague Cure.

PREPARED ONLY BY

Empire Chemical Company,

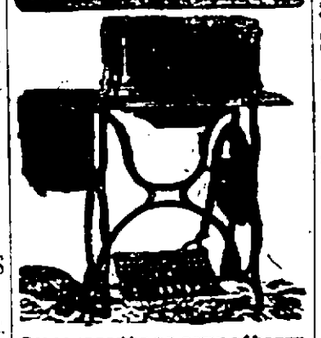
20 Union Square, New York City.

THE ONLY PERFECT

SEWING MACHINE.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME



Pronounced by an army of happy purchasers to be the BEST. The NEW HOME is positively The Simplest, Easiest Running, Most Reliable, Most Durable and Most Popular Sewing Machine ever invented.

It combines the good points of all other machines with none of their defects.

Full information, Descriptive Catalogues, &c., free on application.

JOHNSON, CLARK & CO.

30 Union Square, N. Y.
248 State St., Chicago, Ill.
And Orange, Mass.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful indiscretion causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y. 9-1y

DR. HUTCHINSON'S

WORM DESTROYER

AN OLD AND TRIED REMEDY.

Removes the Worms and the anxieties that they throw afloat. We guarantee its virtues. We have hundreds of testimonials delivered to the last 12 years proving positively that it is no remedy equal to Dr. Hutchinson's Worm Destroyer to remove the Worms (all kinds, Round, Seat, Long, and Tape) that infest the human system. Purchase only from and give them to those in charge of patients. There is no humbug or quackery about this thoroughly reliable medicine. Sold by druggists. Upon receipt of amount or shown and description we give our opinion as to probability of success in cases, also to ex-Commissioners. Established 1865. 40-tf.

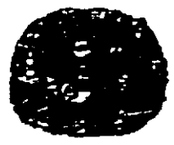
W. T. CALLAR,

—DEALER IN—

DRUGS & MEDICINES!

TOILET ARTICLES,

Stationery, Etc., Etc.



—ALSO, PURE—

Wines & Liquors.

General Insurance Agency.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

W. T. CALLAR,
SMETHPORT, PA.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD Time table went into effect Monday, July 4th, 1881, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL.—Leaves Larrabee 11.35 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 11.50; Reed's, 11.56; Farmers Valley, 12.15, Smethport, 12.35 p. m., Crosby, 12.50, Colegrove, 12.59; Hamlin, 12.57, Westway, 12.45; Clermont, 12.35.

EXPRESS, No. 4.—Leaves Larrabee 6.50 p. m., arriving at Frisbee 6.35; Reed's 6.30; Farmers Valley 6.20; Smethport 6.05 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 6.—Leaves Larrabee 7.30 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 7.50; Reed's 8.00; Farmers Valley 8.15; Smethport 8.35.

LOCAL, No. 10, second class.—Leave Larrabee 3.50 p. m., arriving at Frisbee 3.30; Reed's 3.25; Farmers Valley 3.12, Smethport 2.55; Crosby 2.40, Colegrove 2.30; Hamlin 2.20; Westway 2.05, Clermont 2.00.

CLERMONT COAL, Second Class, No. 20.—Leaves Larrabee 4.30 p. m., arriving at Frisbee 4.45; Reed's 4.50, Farmers Valley 5.10, Smethport 5.30, Crosby 5.50, Colegrove 6.00, Hamlin 6.05, Westway 6.20, Clermont 7.10.

NORTHWARD.

EXPRESS, No. 1.—Leaves Clermont 7.45 a. m., arriving at Westway at 7.55, Hamlin 8.00, Colegrove 8.05, Crosby 8.15, Smethport 8.35, Farmers Valley 8.45; Reed's 8.55, Frisbee 9.00, Larrabee 9.05.

MAIL, No. 3.—Leaves Clermont at 1.25 p. m., arriving at Westway 1.35, Hamlin 1.40, Colegrove 1.55, Crosby 2.05, Smethport, 2.15, Farmers Valley 2.35, Reed's 2.50, Frisbee 2.55, Larrabee 3.05.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 5.—Leaves Smethport, 9.00 a.m., arriving at Farmers Valley 9.15 Reed's 9.25, Frisbee 9.30, Larrabee 9.35.

LOCAL AND ACCOM., No. 15.—Leave Smethport 6.15 p. m., arriving at Farmers Valley 6.32, Reed's 6.42, Frisbee 6.47.

BUFFALO COAL, No. 17.—Leaves Clermont at 5.40 p.m., arriving at Westway at 5.55, Hamlin 6.07, Colegrove 6.20, Crosby 6.32, Smethport 6.55, Farmers Valley 6.59, Reed's 6.59, Frisbee 6.59, Larrabee 7.05.

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*), unless will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

S. V. GODDEN,
Superintendent.

BRADFORD, BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD Time Table. Taken effect Monday, December 26, 1881.

SOUTHWARD TRAINS. STATIONS.	1	3	5	7
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Bradford.....Dep	7 00	2 40	5 45	9 00
Kyle Crossing	7 05	2 45	5 50	9 05
Tarport	7 10	2 50	5 55	9 10
Chapin	7 20	3 00	6 05	9 20
Hazlewood	7 30	3 10	6 15	9 30
Kinzua Junction	7 35	3 15	6 20	9 35
Taylor	7 37	3 17	6 22	9 37
Maplewood	7 43	3 23	6 28	9 43
Kinzua Junction	7 45	3 25	6 30	9 45
Melvin	7 50	3 30	6 35	9 50
Mendle City	7 55	3 35	6 40	9 55
McCalmont	8 00	3 40	6 45	10 00
New City	8 05	3 45	6 50	10 05
Bentell	8 10	3 50	6 55	10 10
Harmonia	8 15	3 55	7 00	10 15
Afton	8 20	4 00	7 05	10 20
Athens	8 25	4 05	7 10	10 25
Bayne Switch	8 30	4 10	7 15	10 30
Van Vleck's	8 35	4 15	7 20	10 35
Simpson	8 40	4 20	7 25	10 40
Crouchy's	8 45	4 25	7 30	10 45
Smethport	8 50	4 30	7 35	10 50
	A. m.	P. m.	P. m.	P. m.

NORTHWARD TRAINS. STATIONS.	2	4	6	8
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Smethport.....Dep	6 30	1 15	4 45	8 00
Crouchy's	7 05	1 50	5 20	8 35
Simpson	7 10	1 55	5 25	8 40
Van Vleck's	7 15	2 00	5 30	8 45
Bayne Switch	7 20	2 05	5 35	8 50
Athens	7 25	2 10	5 40	8 55
Afton	7 30	2 15	5 45	9 00
Harmonia	7 35	2 20	5 50	9 05
Bentell	7 40	2 25	5 55	9 10
New City	7 45	2 30	6 00	9 15
McCalmont	7 50	2 35	6 05	9 20
Mendle City	7 55	2 40	6 10	9 25
Melvin	8 00	2 45	6 15	9 30
Kinzua Junction	8 05	2 50	6 20	9 35
Maplewood	8 10	2 55	6 25	9 40
Taylor	8 12	2 57	6 27	9 42
Forest	8 15	3 00	6 30	9 45
Hazlewood	8 20	3 05	6 35	9 50
Chapin	8 30	3 15	6 45	10 00
Tarport	8 40	3 25	6 55	10 10
Kyle Crossing	8 45	3 30	7 00	10 15
Bradford.....Ar	8 50	3 35	7 05	10 20

Trains will be run by New York time. During Court week the 6.30 p. m. train will be held at Smethport until 6.50 p. m.

All Passenger Trains make direct connections at Kinzua Junction with trains to and from New Castle and Bordell.

SUNDAY TRAINS leave Bradford at 9.45 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Leave Smethport at 9.15 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

B. C. WILLIAMS, Supt.

Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia R'y.

Trains Run on Buffalo Time.

NO SUNDAY TRAINS.

NORTHWARD.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD.
a. m. p. m.	Lv.	Ar. p. m. p. m.
8 30 6 00	Buffalo	9 00 5 30
8 45 6 15	Ebenezer	8 45 5 15
8 55 6 25	Spring Brook	8 35 5 05
9 05 6 35	Elma	8 25 4 55
9 15 6 45	Jamison	8 15 4 45
9 25 6 55	East Aurora	8 05 4 35
9 35 7 05	Wales	7 55 4 25
9 45 7 15	Holland	7 45 4 15
9 55 7 25	Protection	7 35 4 05
10 05 7 35	Kent	7 25 3 55
10 15 7 45	Arcade	7 15 3 45
10 25 7 55	Yorkshire	7 05 3 35
10 35 8 05	Machias Junc.	6 55 3 25
10 45 8 15	Franklinville	6 45 3 15
10 55 8 25	Ischua	6 35 3 05
11 05 8 35	Hinsdale	6 25 2 55
11 15 8 45	Erie Ry Junc.	6 15 2 45
11 25 8 55	Olean	6 05 2 35
11 35 9 05	Weston	5 55 2 25
11 45 9 15	Portville	5 45 2 15
11 55 9 25	Elkrel	5 35 2 05
12 05 9 35	Larrabee	5 25 1 55
12 15 9 45	Cartwell	5 15 1 45
12 25 9 55	Turtle Point	5 05 1 35
12 35 10 05	Port Allegany	4 55 1 25
12 45 10 15	Liberty	4 45 1 15
12 55 10 25	Keating	4 35 1 05
1 05 10 35	Shippen	4 25 12 55
1 15 10 45	Emporium	4 15 12 45
p.m. a. m.	Lv.	Ar. p.m. p.m.

CONNECTIONS.

At Buffalo, with all Railroads diverging.
At N. & E. Ry Junction, with N. & E. Ry.
At Machias Junc., with Rochester & Pitts. Ry.
At Erie Ry Junc., with N. Y., L. E. & W. Ry.
At Olean, with O. B. & W. Ry. for Bradford.
At Eldred, with N. Y., L. E. & W. Ry. for Bradford.
At Larrabee, with McKean & Buffalo Ry.
At Emporium, with Philadelphia & E. Ry.

Train leaving Buffalo at 9 p. m. makes direct connections at Emporium for points North and East. Through Sleeping Cars from Emporium.

WM. S. BALDWIN, Gen. Supt.
GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.
In effect July 5, 1881.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 31, 1881, the trains on the Phila. & Erie R. R. Div. will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Niagara Ex. leaves	Phila.	8 00	a. m.
"	Renovo	3 40	p. m.
"	Emporium	7 00	"
"	Kane	10 10	"
"	St. Mary's	8 05	"
"	arrive at Ridgway	10 55	"
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	11 30	"
"	Renovo	11 05	a. m.
"	Driftwood	12 10	p. m.
"	Emporium	1 05	"
"	St. Mary's	2 20	"
"	Kane	3 00	"
"	arrive at Erie	7 45	"

EASTWARD.

DAY EX. leaves	Kane	9 30	a. m.
"	St. Mary's	7 17	a. m.
"	Emporium	8 10	a. m.
"	Driftwood	8 07	a. m.
"	Renovo	9 05	a. m.
"	arrive at Phila.	7 00	a. m.
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie	11 30	a. m.
"	Kane	4 10	p. m.
"	St. Mary's	4 50	p. m.
"	Emporium	6 30	p. m.
"	Driftwood	7 25	p. m.
"	Renovo	8 00	p. m.
"	arrive at Phila.	7 00	a. m.

Erie Mail and Niagara Express connect with Low Grade Division; Erie Mail West and Day Express connect with N. Y. & E. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON,
Gen'l Supt.

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AND THE PUREST AND MOST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints.

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D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

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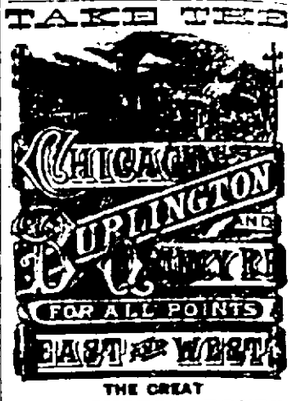
HOP BITTERS MFG. CO., Rochester, N.Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAKE THE



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